

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

1. 公司資料

泰昇集團控股有限公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心11樓。

於本年度內，本集團經營下列主要業務：

- 地基打樁
- 機電及建築工程
- 機器租賃及買賣
- 物業投資及管理
- 物業發展

2.1 編製賬目之基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計準則及香港公司條例之披露規定，並採用歷史成本法編製(投資物業、投資及衍生金融工具按公平值計算除外)。除另有註明外，本財務報表以港元為單位，而所有價值均湊整至最接近之千位數值。

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tysan Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda.

The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 11/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- foundation piling
- electrical and mechanical ("E&M") engineering and building construction
- machinery leasing and trading
- property investment and management
- property development

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, investments and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

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2.1 編製賬目之基準 (續)

綜合賬目基準

由二零一零年四月一日起之綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司與本公司之財務報告的報告期間相同，並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由收購日期(即本集團獲取控制權當日)起綜合賬目，直至該控制權終止之日為止。所有集團內公司間之交易引起之集團內公司間之結存、交易及未實現收益及虧損以及股息，均已於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

本公司須就可能存在之不同會計政策作出調整，以使其一致。

即使出現虧絀結餘，一間附屬公司之虧損仍歸屬於非控股股東權益。

倘一間附屬公司之擁有權權益出現變動而並無導致失去控股權，則有關變動列賬為權益交易。

倘本集團失去於附屬公司之控股權，則終止確認(i)附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債，(ii)任何非控股股東權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益列賬之累計匯兌差額；並確認入賬(i)已收代價之公平值，(ii)任何保留之投資之公平值及(iii)計入損益之盈餘或虧絀。本集團過往於其他全面收入確認之所佔部分重分類至損益或保留溢利，視何者適用而定。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (*Cont'd*)*Basis of consolidation*

Basis of consolidation from 1 April 2010

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2011. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

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2.1 編製賬目之基準 (續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

於二零一零年四月一日前之綜合賬目基準

上述所有由二零一零年四月一日起之綜合賬目規定已獲採納。然而，下列差異於若干情況下自過往綜合賬目基準結轉：

- 本集團所產生之虧損乃歸屬於非控股股東權益，直至有關結餘減至零為止。任何額外超出之虧損乃歸屬於本公司，惟非控股股東權益有具約束力責任彌補有關虧損則除外。於二零一零年四月一日前之虧損並未於非控股股東權益與本公司股東之間重新分配。
- 於失去控股權後，本集團之保留投資按其於失去控股權當日所佔資產淨值列賬。有關投資於二零一零年四月一日之賬面值並無重列。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation prior to 1 April 2010

All the above-mentioned requirements for consolidation from 1 April 2010 have been applied on a prospective basis. The following differences, however, are carried forward in certain instances from the previous basis of consolidation:

- Losses incurred by the Group were attributed to the non-controlling interest until the balance was reduced to nil. Any further excess losses were attributable to the Company, unless the non-controlling interest had a binding obligation to cover these. Losses prior to 1 April 2010 were not reallocated between non-controlling interest and the Company's shareholders.
- Upon loss of control, the Group accounted for the investment retained at its proportionate share of net asset value at the date control was lost. The carrying amount of such investment at 1 April 2010 has not been restated.

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於編製本年度財務報表時首次採納下列新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號(經修訂)

首次採納香港財務報告準則

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第1號

首次採納香港財務報告準則—

首次採納者額外豁免之修訂

香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第2號

以股份為基礎之支付—集團以現金結算及股份為基礎之付款交易之修訂

香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)

業務合併

香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)

綜合及獨立財務報表

香港會計準則第32號之修訂

香港會計準則第32號

金融工具：呈報—供股分類之修訂

香港會計準則第39號之修訂

香港會計準則第39號

金融工具：確認及計量—合資格對沖項目之修訂

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)

—詮釋第17號

向擁有人分派非現金資產

香港財務報告準則第5號之修訂

(載於二零零八年十月頒佈之

香港財務報告準則之改進)

香港財務報告準則第5號持有待售及終止經營業務之非流動資產—計劃出售附屬公司之控制權益之修訂

二零零九年香港財務報告準則之改進
二零零九年五月頒佈對一系列香港財務報告準則之修訂

香港詮釋第4號之修訂

香港詮釋第4號租賃—釐定香港土地租賃之租賃期之修訂

香港詮釋第5號

財務報表之呈列—借款人對包含可隨時要求償還條款之定期貸款之分類

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 1 (Revised)

First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

HKFRS 1 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters

HKFRS 2 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based

Payment - Group Cash-settled Share-based

Payment Transactions

HKFRS 3 (Revised)

Business Combinations

HKAS 27 (Revised)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKAS 32 Amendment

Amendment to HKAS 32

Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Right Issues

HKAS 39 Amendment

Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments:

Recognition and Measurement - Eligible Hedged Items

HK(IFRIC)-Int 17

Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners

HKFRS 5 Amendments included in Improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008

Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations - Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary

Improvements to HKFRSs 2009

Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in May 2009

HK Interpretation 4 Amendment

Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases - Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases

HK Interpretation 5

Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause



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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

除下列對有關香港會計準則第27號（經修訂）、香港會計準則第7號及香港會計準則第17號之修訂（包含於二零零九年香港財務報告準則之改進內）、香港詮釋第4號（於二零零九年十二月修訂）及香港詮釋第5號的影響作進一步解釋外，採納該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本財務報表並無任何重大影響。

採納該等新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則的主要影響如下：

- (a) 香港會計準則第27號（經修訂）綜合及獨立財務報表

香港會計準則第27號（經修訂）規定不喪失控制權之附屬公司之擁有權權益變動被列為股權交易。因此，該等變化對商譽並無影響，亦不會產生利潤或虧損。除此以外，該經修訂準則亦修改了附屬公司產生之虧損及對附屬公司喪失控制權之會計處理方法。隨後相應修訂涉及之準則包括但不限於香港會計準則第7號現金流量表、香港會計準則第12號所得稅、香港會計準則第21號外匯匯率變動之影響、香港會計準則第28號於聯營公司之投資以及香港會計準則第31號於合營企業之權益。

該等經修訂準則引入之變動已追溯應用，並影響於二零一零年四月一日後之收購、喪失控制權及與非控股權益之交易之會計處理。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKAS 27 (Revised), amendments to HKAS 7 and HKAS 17 included in *Improvements to HKFRSs 2009*, HK Interpretation 4 (Revised in December 2009) and HK Interpretation 5, the adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

The principal effects of adopting these new and revised HKFRSs are as follows:

- (a) HKAS 27 (Revised) *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*

HKAS 27 (Revised) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary without loss of control is accounted for as an equity transaction. Therefore, such a change will have no impact on goodwill, nor will it give rise to a gain or loss. Furthermore, the revised standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by the subsidiary as well as the loss of control of a subsidiary. Consequential amendments were made to various standards, including, but not limited to HKAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*, HKAS 12 *Income Taxes*, HKAS 21 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* and HKAS 28 *Investments in Associates* and HKAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures*.

The changes introduced by these revised standards are applied prospectively and affect the accounting of acquisitions, loss of control and transactions with non-controlling interests after 1 April 2010.

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

(b) 於二零零九年五月頒佈之二零零九年香港財務報告準則之改進制定對多項香港財務報告準則之修訂。各項準則均各自設有過渡條文。採納部份修訂可能會導致會計政策變動，惟此等修訂對本集團並無任何重大財務影響。最適用於本集團之主要修訂之詳情如下：

- 香港會計準則第7號現金流量表：規定只有導致財務狀況表內產生已確認資產之支出，方可分類為投資活動之現金流量。
- 香港會計準則第17號租賃：刪去有關將土地分類為租賃的特定指引。因此，土地租賃應按香港會計準則第17號的一般指引釐定為經營租賃或融資租賃。

修訂香港詮釋第4號租賃—釐定香港土地租賃之期限乃根據包含於二零零九年香港財務報告準則改進中之香港會計準則第17號租賃的修訂而修改。按照此項修訂，香港詮釋第4號之範圍已擴大至覆蓋所有土地租賃，其中包括被分類為融資租賃之土地租賃。因此，該詮釋適用於按照香港會計準則第16號、香港會計準則第17號以及香港會計準則第40號列賬之所有物業租賃。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

(b) *Improvements to HKFRSs 2009* issued in May 2009 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments results in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments has had a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the key amendments most applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*: Requires that only expenditures that result in a recognised asset in the statement of financial position can be classified as a cash flow from investing activities.
- HKAS 17 *Leases*: Removes the specific guidance on classifying land as a lease. As a result, leases of land should be classified as either operating or finance leases in accordance with the general guidance in HKAS 17.

Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases - Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases is revised as a consequence of the amendment to HKAS 17 *Leases* included in *Improvements to HKFRSs 2009*. Following this amendment, the scope of HK Interpretation 4 has been expanded to cover all land leases, including those classified as finance leases. As a result, this interpretation is applicable to all leases of property accounted for in accordance with HKAS 16, HKAS 17 and HKAS 40.



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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

(b) (續)

於採用該修訂時，本集團重新評估其之前被分類為經營租約的香港租賃。由於香港租賃的擁有權所涉之絕大部份風險及回報已轉移給本集團，故香港租賃從「預付土地租賃款」的經營租約重列為「物業、廠房及設備」的融資租約。相應攤銷亦重新分類為折舊。上述變動的影響概述如下：

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES
(Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

The Group has reassessed its leases in Hong Kong, previously classified as operating leases, upon the adoption of the amendments. As substantially all the risks and rewards associated with the leases in Hong Kong have been transferred to the Group, the leases in Hong Kong have been reclassified from operating leases under "prepaid land lease payments" to finance leases under "property, plant and equipment". The corresponding amortisation has also been reclassified to depreciation. The effects of the above changes are summarised below:

截至三月三十一日
止年度之綜合損益表

*Consolidated income statement for
the year ended 31 March*

二零一一年	二零一零年
2011	2010
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

預付土地租賃款之
攤銷減少
物業、廠房及設備之
折舊增加

Decrease in amortisation of prepaid land lease payments	(2,780)	(2,781)
Increase in depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,780	2,781
	—	—

截至三月三十一日之
綜合財務狀況表

*Consolidated statement of financial
position at 31 March*

Decrease in prepaid land lease payments, net	(100,786)	(103,566)
Increase in property, plant and equipment, net	100,786	103,566
	—	—

截至二零零九年四月
一日之綜合財務狀況表
預付土地租賃款淨額之減少
物業、廠房及設備淨額之增加

*Consolidated statement of
financial position at 1 April 2009*

Decrease in prepaid land lease payments, net	(106,347)
Increase in property, plant and equipment, net	106,347
	—

千港元
HK\$'000

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

- (c) 香港詮釋第5號財務報表之呈列－
借款人對包含可隨時要求償還條款之定期貸款之分類

該詮釋規定，包含賦予放款人以無條件權利隨時要求償還貸款之條款之定期貸款應由借款人於財務狀況表中全數分類為流動負債，而不論有否發生違約事件及儘管貸款協議已訂明任何其他條款及到期日。於採納此詮釋前，本集團之定期貸款乃根據還款到期日於財務狀況表中分類為非流動負債。貸款之其他詳情披露於財務報表附註31。

以上變動並無對綜合損益表構成影響。對綜合財務狀況表之影響概述如下：

	二零一一年 三月三十一日 31 March 2011 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一零年 三月三十一日 31 March 2010 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零九年 四月一日 1 April 2009 千港元 HK\$'000
流動負債	Current liabilities		
附息銀行貸款之增加	Increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings	20,582	205,616
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
附息銀行貸款之減少	Decrease in interest-bearing bank borrowings	(20,582)	(205,616)

本集團之資產淨值並無因此而受到影響。

本集團已對香港會計準則第17號及香港詮釋第5號之修訂進行追溯應用並重列比較金額。此外，由於此項變動及按香港會計準則第1號財務報表之呈列之規定，該等財務報表亦已包含截至二零零九年四月一日之綜合財務狀況表，修訂影響之相關附註已呈列於該等財務報表內。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

- (c) HK Interpretation 5 *Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause*

The interpretation requires a term loan that contains a clause that gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time shall be classified in total by the borrower as current in the statement of financial position. This is irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the loan agreement. Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, the Group's term loan was classified in the statement of financial position as a non-current liability based on the maturity date of repayment. Further details of the loan are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

The above change has had no effect on the consolidated income statement. The effect on the consolidated statement of financial position is summarised as follows:

	二零一一年 三月三十一日 31 March 2011 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一零年 三月三十一日 31 March 2010 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零九年 四月一日 1 April 2009 千港元 HK\$'000
流動負債	Current liabilities		
附息銀行貸款之增加	Increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings	20,582	205,616
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
附息銀行貸款之減少	Decrease in interest-bearing bank borrowings	(20,582)	(205,616)

There was no impact on the net assets of the Group.

The amendment to HKAS 17 and HK Interpretation 5 have been applied by the Group retrospectively and comparative amounts have been restated. In addition, as a result of this change and as required by HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, these financial statements also include a consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009, and the related notes affected by the amendments have been presented in these financial statements.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則

本集團尚未於本財務報表採用以下已頒佈但未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂首次採納香港財務報告準則—首次採納香港財務報告準則第7號之比較資料披露之有限豁免¹

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂首次採納香港財務報告準則—嚴重高通脹及取消首次採納者的固定日期³

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂金融工具：披露—財務資產轉讓³

香港財務報告準則第9號

金融工具⁵

香港會計準則第12號之修訂

香港會計準則第12號之修訂所得稅—遞延稅項：相關資產之收回⁴

香港會計準則第24號（經修訂）

關連方披露²

香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）

－詮釋第14號之修訂

香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）－詮釋第14號之修訂最低提供資金要求的預付款²

香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）

－詮釋第19號

以權益工具抵銷財務負債¹

除上述外，香港會計師公會已頒佈二零一零年香港財務報告準則之改進，當中載有一系列香港財務報告準則之修訂，主要為刪除不一致性及釐清用字。香港財務報告準則第3號及香港會計準則第27號之修訂於二零一零年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效，而香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港會計準則第1號、香港會計準則第34號及香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）－詮釋第13號之修訂則於二零一一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效，惟各項準則均有個別過渡性條文。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 Amendment

Amendment to HKFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards - Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters*¹

Amendments to HKFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting standards - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters*³

HKFRS 7 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets*³

HKFRS 9

*Financial Instruments*⁵

HKAS 12 Amendments

Amendments to HKAS 12 *Income Taxes - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets*⁴

HKAS 24 (Revised)

*Related Party Disclosures*²

HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Amendments

Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 *Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement*²

HK(IFRIC)-Int 19

*Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments*¹

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued *Improvements to HKFRSs 2010* which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010, whereas the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard.

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2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則（續）

- 1 於二零一零年七月一日或之後開始年度期間生效
- 2 於二零一一年一月一日或之後開始年度期間生效
- 3 於二零一一年七月一日或之後開始年度期間生效
- 4 於二零一二年一月一日或之後開始年度期間生效
- 5 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始年度期間生效

本集團正評估此等新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則於初步採納時所產生之影響，惟現階段尚未能指出新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則是否會對本集團營運業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

2.4 主要會計政策概要**附屬公司**

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制其財務及經營政策之實體，藉此從該附屬公司之業務取得利益。

附屬公司之業績（指已收取及應收之股息而言）已計入本公司之綜合損益表內。本公司於附屬公司之權益乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

聯營公司

聯營公司乃本集團於其股本投票權擁有一般不少於20%之長期權益及可對其行使重大影響力之實體，惟並非附屬公司。

本集團佔聯營公司之收購後業績與儲備，分別計算在綜合損益表及綜合儲備內。本集團與聯營公司之間交易所產生的未實現損益，均按本集團於聯營公司所佔的權益比率抵銷，惟假如未實現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值。本集團在聯營公司之投資，以本集團按權益會計法分佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (*Cont'd*)

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012
- 5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have any significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES***Subsidiaries***

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of the subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

非金融資產減值

當有跡象顯示出現減值，或須就資產（發展中物業、持有供銷售之物業、存貨、建築合約資產，遞延稅項資產及金融資產除外）進行年度減值測試時，則資產之可收回金額為資產使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者，並就個別資產釐定，除非有關資產並無產生大致獨立於其他資產或資產類別之現金流入。在此情況下，可收回金額乃就資產所屬現金產生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回金額時確認。評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於產生期間自損益表中與減值資產功能相符之該等開支類別扣除。

資產乃於各報告期結束時進行評估，以決定有否任何跡象顯示先前已確認之減值虧損是否不再存在或已減少。倘出現該等跡象，會對可收回金額作出估計。先前確認之資產減值虧損（商譽除外）僅會於用以釐定資產可收回金額之估計改變時撥回，惟撥回後之數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應釐定之賬面值（扣除任何折舊／攤銷）。減值虧損之撥回於產生期間計入損益表內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets

When an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties under development, properties held for sale, inventories, construction contract assets, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

關連人士

在下列情況下，任何一方則被視為本集團之關連人士：

- (a) 該方透過一家或多家中介公司，直接或間接(i)控制本集團，受本集團控制或與本集團受同一方控制；(ii)於本集團擁有權益，並可藉著該權益對本集團行使重大影響力；或(iii)共同控制本集團；
- (b) 該方為聯營公司；
- (c) 該方為本集團之主要管理人員其中一名成員；
- (d) 該方為(a)或(c)所述之任何個別人士家族之近親；
- (e) 該方為直接或間接受(c)或(d)項所述的任何個別人士所控制、共同控制或重大影響，或由其擁有重大投票權而受重大影響之實體；或
- (f) 該方為本集團僱員利益而設立之僱用後福利計劃之一方，或為本集團關連人士之任何實體。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

物業、機器及設備以及折舊

物業、機器及設備按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、機器及設備之成本包括其購買價及將資產達致運作狀況及地點以作擬定用途之任何直接應佔費用。物業、機器及設備項目啟用後所涉及之支出，例如維修保養，一般於其出現之期間自損益表中扣除。滿足確認條件的重大檢修支出將撥充資本計入資產賬面值或作為重置處理。物業、機器及設備的重要部份需按階段重置，本集團將有關部份確認為個別資產，擁有特定可使用年期及折舊。

折舊乃按每項物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年期以直線基準撇銷成本計算。計算折舊之主要年率如下：

列為融資租約的

租賃土地	租期
樓宇	5%
設備及機器	10% - 33½%
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%
租賃物業裝修	10% - 33½%

當物業、機器及設備項目部分之可使用年期不同時，該項目之成本按合理基準在各部分間分配，而各部分將單獨計提折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均於每個財政年度結束時進行檢討，並作出適當調整。

物業、機器及設備項目以及初步確認的任何重大部份乃於出售後或當預期使用或出售將不會產生未來經濟利益時不再確認。於資產不再確認年度之損益表內確認之任何出售或報廢收益或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與有關資產之賬面值之差額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under finance lease	Over the lease terms
Building	5%
Equipment and machinery	10% - 33½%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Motor yacht	10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 33½%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及／或資本增值(而非作為生產或提供貨品或服務或行政管理用途)或為於日常業務過程中銷售而持有之土地及樓宇權益(包括就原應符合投資物業定義之物業根據經營租賃而持有之租賃權益)。該等物業最初按成本(包括交易成本)計算。於首次確認後，投資物業按反映報告期末之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧損於產年度計入損益表內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生之任何收益或虧損於報廢或出售年度在損益表內確認。

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本減減值虧損列賬。成本包括發展期間產生之全部發展費用、借款成本及其他發展中物業直接應佔之成本。

於預售或擬出售並預期由報告期末起一年內落成之發展中物業列入流動資產內。

持有供銷售之物業

持有供銷售之物業乃以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列入財務狀況表。成本包括土地成本、於發展期間撥充資本之利息及有關物業發展之其他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考個別物業當時之市價減直至完成為止之所有成本(如適用)及推銷及銷售之成本計算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which includes all development expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Properties under development which have either been pre-sold or which are intended for sale and are expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, interest capitalised during the period of development and other direct costs attributable to the development of the properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices on an individual property basis, less all costs to completion, if applicable, and costs of marketing and selling.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

租賃

凡將資產擁有權(法定業權除外)之絕大部份回報與風險轉由本集團承受之租約均列為融資租約。於訂立融資租約時，租賃資產之成本按最低租約付款之現值撥充資本，並連同承擔(利息部份除外)入賬，以反映購入及融資情況。根據撥充資本之融資租約持有之資產均列入物業、機器及設備內，並於資產之估計可使用年期內折舊。該等租約之融資成本乃於損益表中扣除，以便於租期內按固定比率扣除。

由出租者承受資產擁有權之絕大部份回報與風險之租約均列為經營租約。倘本集團為出租人，本集團根據經營租約所租賃之資產乃計入非流動資產，根據經營租約而應收之租金，乃於租期內以直線法計入損益表。倘本集團乃承租人，經營租約之租金均按照租期以直線法自損益表扣除。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

於香港會計準則第39號範圍內之金融資產分類為按公允值計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應收款，或指定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具之衍生工具(視情況而定)。本集團於初始確認時確定其金融資產之分類。金融資產於初始確認時會以公允值加(倘投資並非按公允值計入損益)直接應佔交易成本計算。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產於交易日確認，即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售乃買入或出售須於規例或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及銀行結餘，受限制現金、定期存款、應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項、透過損益按公允值計量的投資及衍生金融工具。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance lease, are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, restricted cash, time deposits, trade and other receivables, investments at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

財務資產按分類所進行之後續計量如下：

按公平值透過損溢列賬之金融資產

按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資產包括持作買賣的財務資產及初始認定時按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資產。倘財務資產乃為於短期內出售而購入，則分類為持做買賣。此分類包括由本集團訂立而未於對沖關係（定義見香港會計準則第39號）中指定作對沖工具之衍生財務工具。衍生工具把包括獨立的嵌入式衍生工具亦被分類為持作買賣，除非他們被指定為有效的對沖工具。按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資產於財務狀況表按公平值列賬，而其公平值變動則損益表列賬。按照上述主要會計政策中的「收入確認」原則確認之公平值變動，並不包括這些財務資產產生的股利。

本集團估計按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資產（持作買賣），以評估於不久將來出售該等資產之意向是否仍然適宜。倘本集團因市場不活躍而未能就該等財務資產進行買賣，而管理層於可見未來出售該等資產之意向明顯轉變，則本集團可選擇於罕見情況下就該等財務資產進行重新分類。由按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資產重新分類為貸款及應收款項、可供出售財務資產或持至到期的投資須視乎資產性質而定。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)**Subsequent measurement*

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policy set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

按公平值透過損溢列賬之金融資產(續)

倘主合約之嵌入式衍生工具之經濟特性及風險並非與主合約密切相關及主合約並非持作交易用途或指定按公平值於損益表列賬，主合約之嵌入式衍生工具乃入賬列作獨立衍生工具並按公平值入賬。該等嵌入式衍生工具乃按公平值計量，而公平值之變動於損益表確認。倘合約條款有所變動而導致合約項下所須現金流量有重大修改，方會進行重新評估。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中並無報價之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後，該等資產隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值備抵入賬。計算攤銷成本時，應考慮收購時產生之任何折讓或溢價，且包括屬實際利率主要部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷於損益表內的融資收入列賬。減值產生的虧損在損益表內確認。

金融資產之減值

本集團於各報告期末評估有否客觀跡象顯示一項或一組金融資產出現減值。僅在因資產於初始確認後出現一項或多項事件(產生「虧損事件」)，而該虧損事件對能可靠估計之一項金融資產或一組金融資產之估計未來現金流量有所影響而出現客觀減值跡象時，一項金融資產或一組金融資產會被視為減值。減值跡象可能包括一名債務人或一組債務人有重大財務困難、拖欠或欠繳利息或本金款項、可能破產或進行其他財務重組，以及顯示估計未來現金流出可計量下降之可觀察數據，例如欠款變動或與拖欠相關的經濟狀況。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd)

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. Reassessment only occurs if there is a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance income in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言，本集團首先獨立評估個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象，或共同評估非個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象。倘本集團釐定個別已評估金融資產為並無客觀減值跡象，則有關資產不論是否重大，均會計入一組有相似信貸風險特徵之金融資產，共同作減值評估。對於個別作減值評估之資產，倘其減值虧損會或會持續確認，則不會計入共同減值評估。

倘有客觀跡象顯示已出現減值虧損，有關虧損金額按資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損)現值之差額計量。估計未來現金流量之現值會按金融資產之原實際利率(即按初始確認計算之實際利率)貼現。倘貸款有浮動利率，則計量任何減值虧損之貼現率為當前之實際利率。

資產賬面值會直接或透過撥備賬扣減，虧損金額則於損益表確認。為計算減值虧損，利息收入會繼續以減少之賬面值及用以貼現未來現金流量之利率累計。如貸款及應收款預期不大可能收回及所有抵押品已變現或已轉讓至本集團，則會撇銷該等貸款及應收款連同任何相關撥備。

倘在其後期間，由於減值確認後發生之事件，估計減值虧損金額增加或減少，過往確認之減值虧損會因調整撥備賬而增加或減少。倘撇銷之款項可收回，則收回之款項會計入損益表中。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)**Financial assets carried at amortised cost*

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

不再確認金融資產

金融資產(或(倘適用)一項金融資產之一部份或一組同類金融資產之一部份)在下列情況將不再確認：

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利經已屆滿；或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利，或須根據一項「通過」安排，在未有嚴重延緩的情況下，承擔全數支付收取現金流量的責任，並(a)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部份風險及回報；或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部份風險及回報，但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利，但並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部份風險及回報，並且無轉讓該項資產之控制權，該項資產將確認入賬，條件為本集團須持續涉及該項資產。在此情況下，本集團亦確認一項聯營負債。轉讓資產的聯營負債乃以反映本集團保留的權利及責任的基準計量。

本集團以擔保形式持續涉及轉讓資產，該已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團可能需要支付之最高代價兩者之較低者計量。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融負債

初始確認及計量

符合香港會計準則第39號範圍之金融負債分類為按公允值計入損益之金融負債、貸款及借貸，或指定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具之衍生工具(視情況而定)。本集團於初始確認時釐定金融負債之分類。

所有金融負債初始按公允值確認，倘為貸款及借貸，則加上直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款、計息銀行貸款、其他應付款項、衍生金融工具及來自聯營公司的貸款。

其後計量

金融負債按其分類之計量如下：

按公允值計入損益之金融負債

按公允值計入損益之金融負債包括持作交易的金融負債及按公允值計入損益時於初步確認後指定之金融負債。

倘購買該財務負債的目的為於近期出售，則該財務負債應分類為持作交易用途。此分類包括本集團根據香港會計準則第39號所界定之對沖關係不被指定為對沖工具之衍生財務工具。獨立嵌入式衍生工具亦分類為持作交易用途，除非其被指定為有效的對沖工具則另作別論，持作交易用途的負債損益於損益表內確認。於損益表確認的公允值收益或虧損淨額並不包括任何向該等財務負債所扣除的任何利息。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, interest-bearing bank borrowings, other payables, derivatives financial instruments and a loan from an associate.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融負債(續)

貸款及借貸

於初始確認後，計息貸款及借貸其後會以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘貼現效果並不重大，則會按成本列賬。當負債被剔除確認及已透過實際利率法攤銷時，收益及虧損會於損益表中確認。

攤銷成本之計算已計及任何收購折讓或溢價，以及屬於實際利率組成部份之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷會計入損益表之融資成本內。

財務擔保合約

本集團作出之財務擔保合約即要求發行人作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合約。財務擔保合約初步按其公平值確認為一項負債，並就作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作出調整。於初步確認後，本集團按(i)報告期末之現有責任所須開支之最佳估計金額；及(ii)初步確認之金額減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者為準)計量財務擔保合約。

不再確認金融負債

當負債項下之責任獲解除或取消或屆滿時，會剔除確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被來自同一借款人但條款極不相同之另一項負債所取代，或對現有負債之條款進行大幅修改，上述更替或修訂將被視作剔除確認原有負債及確認新負債，而有關賬面值之差額將在損益表確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

抵銷金融工具

僅在有現有可強制執行之合法權利抵銷確認金額及有意按淨額基準結算，或計劃同時變現資產及償還負債之情況下，金融資產及金融負債方可抵銷，淨額會呈報在財務狀況表內。

金融工具之公平值

於活躍市場買賣之金融工具之公平值乃參照市場報價或交易商之報價表(好倉之買入價及淡倉之賣出價)而釐定，並且不會扣除任何交易成本。就無活躍市場之金融工具則使用合適之估值技術釐定公平值。該等技術包括使用近期公平之市場交易；參照大致相同之另一工具之目前市值；折算現金流量分析；及其他估值模式。

衍生金融工具

初步確認及其後計量

本集團利用衍生金融工具(例如遠期貨幣合約及利率掉期交易)分別對沖其外匯風險及利率風險。該等衍生金融工具初步以訂立衍生工具之日的公平值確認，並隨後以公平值再計算。倘公平值為正數，衍生工具以資產入賬，而公平值倘為負數，則以負債入賬。

衍生工具之公平值變動所產生之任何盈虧乃直接計入損益表，惟現金流對沖之實際部份則於其他全面損益確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Offsetting of financial instruments*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

*Derivative financial instruments**Initial recognition and subsequent measurement*

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in other comprehensive income.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

衍生金融工具 (續)

流動與非流動分類對比

並無指定為有效對沖工具之衍生工具分類為流動或非流動或根據對事實及情況之評估 (即相關合約現金流量) 分類為流動或非流動。

- 倘本集團將持有衍生工具作為經濟對沖 (而並無應用對沖會計處理方法) 至超過報告期末後十二個月期間，該衍生工具乃與相關項目之分類一致分類為非流動 (或分開為流動及非流動部分)。
- 與主合約並非密切聯繫之嵌入式衍生工具乃與主合約之現金流量一致分類。
- 指定為及為有效對沖工具之衍生工具乃與相關對沖項目之分類一致分類。衍生工具僅於能可靠作出分配的情況下，才可分開為流動部分及非流動部分。

存貨

存貨在適當扣除陳舊或滯銷貨品後按成本 (以先入先出法計算) 與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值乃估計售價減估計直至製成及出售止所需一切成本後之數額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments (Cont'd)

Current versus non-current classification

Derivative instruments that are not designated as effective hedging instruments are classified as current or non-current or separated into a current or non-current portion based on an assessment of the facts and circumstances (i.e., the underlying contracted cash flows).

- Where the Group will hold a derivative as an economic hedge (and does not apply hedge accounting) for a period beyond 12 months after the end of the reporting period, the derivative is classified as non-current (or separated into current and non-current portions) consistently with the classification of the underlying item.
- Embedded derivatives that are not closely related to the host contract are classified consistently with the cash flows of the host contract.
- Derivative instruments that are designated as, and are effective hedging instruments, are classified consistently with the classification of the underlying hedged item. The derivative instruments are separated into current portions and non-current portions only if a reliable allocation can be made.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less all estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

建築合約

合約收益包括已協議之合約數額及由修訂訂單、索償及獎金所得之適當數額。合約成本包括直接材料、分包成本、直接勞工成本及合適比例之可變及固定建築成本。

固定價格建築合約之收益按完成百分比予以確認，並參考於該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例計算。

成本加建築合約之收益按完成之百分比予以確認，並參考於該段期間產生之可收回成本及賺取之有關費用，以截至該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例計算。

若管理層預見未來會產生虧損，則會於預見該等虧損時作出撥備。

若已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損超過進度付款，該盈餘視為客戶有關合約工程之欠款。

若進度付款超過截至該日之合約成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損，該盈餘視為欠客戶有關合約工程之款項。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Construction contracts*

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from cost plus construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the related fees earned, measured by the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from a contract customer.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to a contract customer.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及等同現金項目包括手上現金及活期存款，以及可於收購之日起計之短到期日(一般為三個月內)即時轉換為確實數額現金及面對不重大之價值變動風險之短期高度流動投資項目，扣除須於要求時償還並為本集團之現金管理之完整部份之銀行透支。

就財務狀況表而言，現金及銀行結存包括用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現金，包括定期存款。

撥備

倘目前之某些責任(包括法定或推定)是由於一些過去已發生之事件所致，而且可能於未來有資源需要流出用作清還該責任，同時有關之金額能得到可靠估計，則會確認撥備。

當折讓效應重大時，就撥備而確認之金額為於報告期末預計需用作清還該責任之未來支出之現值。隨着時間而增加之現值之經折讓金額計入損益賬之融資成本內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

所得稅

所得稅包括當前所得稅和遞延所得稅。與並非於損益賬確認之項目有關之所得稅會於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

本期及過往期間之當前稅項資產及負債以預期可予收回或支付予稅務機關之金額計算，計算之基準為於報告期末前已經生效或實際上已生效之稅率（及稅法），亦考慮本集團經營所在國家現行之詮釋及慣例。

遞延稅項使用負債法就報告期末資產及負債之稅基與其作財務申報用途之賬面值之間產生之一切暫時性差異作出撥備。

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應課稅暫時性差異予以確認，惟以下情況除外：

- 於進行某項不屬於業務合併之交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之遞延稅項負債；及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之應課稅暫時性差異而言，惟倘撥回暫時性差異的時間可予控制，且暫時性差異可能不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside income statement is recognised, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產按所有可抵扣暫時性差異、未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉確認，惟以將未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷可抵扣暫時性差異、可動用之未動用稅項資產及未動用稅項虧損之結轉為限，惟以下情況除外：

- 於進行某項交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之可抵扣暫時性差異有關之遞延稅項資產；及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關的可抵扣暫時性差異而言，遞延稅項資產僅在暫時性差異可能於可見將來撥回，及應課稅溢利可予動用抵銷暫時性差異時始予確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末進行審核，並減至將不能再有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部份遞延稅項資產為限。未確認之遞延稅項資產則於各報告期末進行重估，並於將可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部份遞延稅項資產時確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃依據於各報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅務法例)，按預期適用於變現資產或償還負債期間之稅率計算。

當存在可依法執行之權利，可將即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債，而遞延稅項涉及同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關時，遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債方可互相抵銷。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

收益確認

當經濟利益流入本集團，及收益可可靠地計量時，有關收益按以下基準確認：

- (a) 來自地基打樁、機電及建築工程合約

如上文「建築合約」之會計政策中進一步闡釋之完成百分比為基準；

- (b) 來自出售持有供銷售之物業

當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已轉至買家時；

- (c) 來自機器買賣

當擁有權之大部份風險及回報已轉至買家，而本集團不保留一般與擁有權有關之某程度管理權，亦不再實際控制已出售之機器；

- (d) 物業及機器租賃之租金收入

在物業及機器出租期間按直線法在租期內計算；

- (e) 來自提供物業管理服務

於提供有關服務之有關期內；

- (f) 利息收入

按應計基準以實際利率法採用將金融工具在預計可用年期期間估計在日後收取之現金折現至金融資產賬面淨值之利率確認；及

- (g) 股息收入

當股東收取股息之權利確定時。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) From foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts

On the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;

- (b) From the sale of properties held for sale

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer;

- (c) From machinery trading

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the machines sold;

- (d) Rental income from property and machinery leasing

In the period in which the properties and machines are leased and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;

- (e) From the rendering of property management services

In the period in which such services are rendered;

- (f) Interest income

On an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and

- (g) Dividend income

When the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利

以股份支付之交易

本公司設立一項購股權計劃，作為向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予獎勵及回報。本集團之僱員(包括董事)以股份支付之交易方式收取報酬，而僱員提供服務作為收取股權工具之代價(「以股權支付之交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後，與僱員進行以股權支付之交易之成本，乃參照授出日期之公平值計算。公平值由外聘估值師使用二項式釐定。

以股權支付之交易之成本，連同權益相應增加部分，在績效及／或服務條件獲達成之期間確認。在歸屬日期前，於每個報告期末確認之以股權支付之交易之累計開支，以反映歸屬期已到期部分及本集團對最終將會歸屬之股權工具數目之最佳估計。在某一期間內在損益表內扣除或進賬，乃反映累計開支於期初與期終確認時之變動。

對於已授出但尚未歸屬之購股權，不會確認任何開支，但視乎市場條件而決定歸屬與否之已以股權支付之交易則除外，對於該類購股權而言，只要所有其他績效條件已經達成，不論市場條件是否達成，均被視為已歸屬。

倘若以股權支付之購股權之條款有所變更，所確認之開支最少須達到猶如條款並無任何變更及符合已授出購股權的原條款之水平。此外，倘若按變更日期之計算，任何變更導致以股份支付之安排之總公平值有所增加，或為僱員帶來其他利益，則應就該等變更確認開支。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利 (續)

以股份支付之交易 (續)

倘若以股權支付之購股權被註銷，應被視為已於註銷日期歸屬，而任何尚未確認之授予購股權開支應即時確認，其包括本集團或僱員未達成非歸屬條件的任何購股權。然而，倘授予新購股權代替已註銷之購股權，並於授出日期指定為替代購股權，則已註銷之購股權及新購股權，均應被視為原購股權之變更，一如前段所述。所有以股權支付交易購股權的註銷均公平對待。

於計算每股盈利時，尚未行使購股權之攤薄影響乃反映為額外股份攤薄。

有薪假期結轉

本集團根據其僱員之僱傭合約按每個曆年之基準為僱員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下，於報告期末尚未利用之該等假期獲准結轉累積，並由有關之各個僱員於下一年度動用。於報告期末，已就僱員於該年度應得及所結轉之有薪假期之預期未來成本作出應計費用。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Employee benefits (Cont'd)**Share-based payment transactions (Cont'd)*

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利 (續)

退休金計劃

本集團為若干香港僱員設立固定比例供款公積金(「公積金」)，其資產乃與本集團之資產分開管理，且由獨立專業基金經理負責管理。公積金之供款按合資格僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比計算，當計劃規定之供款到期支付時，從損益表中扣除。公積金之持續供款已於一九九九年四月一日終止。

於強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)實施後，本集團已重整其退休計劃安排，以符合強制性公積金計劃條例。本集團就上述退休福利計劃取得強制性公積金豁免地位，此外，並由二零零一年十二月一日起，為其所有香港僱員參與經批准之固定比例供款強積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比計算，當強積金計劃規則規定之供款到期支付時，從損益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開管理。本集團之僱員在強積金計劃之供款全歸屬僱員。

位於中國大陸之本集團附屬公司僱員須參與由當地市政府設立之中央公積金計劃。該等附屬公司須為中央公積金計劃作出供款，款項為彼等薪金之若干百分比。供款於根據中央公積金計劃規例須予支付時計入損益表內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Pension schemes

The Group operated a defined contribution provident fund (the "Fund") for certain of its employees in Hong Kong, the assets of which were held separately from those of the Group and were managed by an independent professional fund manager. Contributions under the Fund were made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and were charged to the income statement as they became payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The ongoing contributions to the Fund were terminated on 1 April 1999.

Following the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), the Group has restructured its retirement scheme arrangements to comply with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group has secured a Mandatory Provident Fund exemption status for the Fund and, in addition, has participated in an approved defined contribution MPF Scheme with effect from 1 December 2001, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries located in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產(即需要長時間撥備作擬定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化作為該等資產之部份成本。當資產大致上可作擬定用途或銷售時，即停止將借貸成本資本化。特定借貸用於合資格資產之前作為短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。借貸成本包括利息及實體就資金借貸產生之其他成本。

外幣

該等財務報表乃以本公司之功能及呈報貨幣港元呈列。本集團內各實體釐定其本身之功能貨幣，而各實體計入財務報表內之項目乃以該功能貨幣計算。本集團內實體所記錄之外幣交易初步按其各自於交易日期適用之功能貨幣匯率記錄。以外幣為單位之貨幣資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之功能貨幣匯率重新換算。所有差額均計入損益表。按外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目按首次交易日期之匯率換算。按外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目則按釐定公平值當日之匯率換算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Borrowing costs*

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司及聯營公司之功能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣。於報告期末，該等實體之資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之匯率換算為本公司之呈報貨幣，其損益表則按本年度之加權平均匯率換算為港元。因此而產生之匯兌差額於其他全面收益確認及於匯兌浮動儲備累計。出售外國實體時，有關該項特定外國業務之其他全面收益部分，乃於損益表內確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言，海外附屬公司之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之匯率換算為港幣。而海外附屬公司於年內經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加權平均匯率換算為港幣。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在應用本集團之會計政策時，管理層根據過往經驗、對未來之預期及其他資料作出不同判斷及估計。可能對綜合財務報表內確認之金額構成重大影響之估計不明朗因素之主要來源載列如下：

應收貿易賬款減值

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值政策乃根據評估賬目之可收回程度及賬齡分析以及按管理層之判斷而釐定。在評估該等應收款項之最終變現情況時，須要作出很大程度之判斷，包括評估每名客戶現時之信譽及過去之收回歷史。倘本集團客戶之財政狀況轉壞，導致彼等之付款能力減弱，則須作出額外撥備。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements and estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are disclosed below:

Impairment of trade receivables

The policy for impairment of trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of trade receivables and on management's judgement. Significant judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provisions may be required.

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3. 重大會計判斷及估計 (續)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (*Cont'd*)

建築工程之完工百分比

本集團根據建築工程個別合約之完工百分比確認收益。倘於報告期末客戶尚未核證工程之價值，則本集團管理層將估計建築工程之完工百分比。該等估計乃根據總預算成本中所產生之實際成本作出。管理層亦估計相應之合約收益。基於建築合約所承辦之工程活動性質，訂立合約工程活動之日期與工程活動完工日期通常處於不同之會計期間內。於合約進行時，本集團同時審閱及修訂各建築合約編製之預算內之合約收益及合約成本之估計。

即期稅項及遞延稅項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得稅。釐定稅項撥備金額及繳付相關稅項之時間時需要作出重大判斷。在日常業務過程中，多項交易及釐定最終稅項之計算方法未能確定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅項結果與初步記錄金額不同，則有關差額將影響作出釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction works if the value of works has not been certified by the customers at the end of the reporting period. These estimates are based on actual cost incurred over the total budgeted cost. Corresponding contract revenue is also estimated by management. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

Current and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.



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3. 重大會計判斷及估計（續）

中國土地增值稅（「土地增值稅」）

土地增值稅乃就土地價值之增值數額（即出售物業所得款項減包括土地使用權攤銷、借貸成本及所有物業發展開支在內之可扣減開支）按介乎30%至60%不等之遞增稅率徵收。該稅項於轉讓物業所有權時產生。

本集團在中國從事物業發展業務之附屬公司須繳納土地增值稅。然而，在中國不同城市，該等稅項之實施各有差異，且本集團尚未與不同稅務機關最終落實其土地增值稅之計算及繳款。因此，在釐定土地增值金額及其相關稅項時須作出重大判斷。本集團按照管理層之最佳估計確認該等負債。倘該等事項之最終稅額與最初記錄之金額不同，則該差額將會影響該年度的綜合財務報表。

4. 經營分類資料

本集團之經營業務根據其業務性質及所提供之產品及服務獨立組織及管理。經營分類按與向本公司主要管理人員進行內部報告一致之方式報告，詳情如下：

- (a) 地基打樁；
- (b) 機電及建築工程；
- (c) 機器租賃及買賣；
- (d) 物業投資及管理；及
- (e) 物業發展。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Mainland China land appreciation taxes ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including amortisation of land use rights, borrowing costs, business taxes and all property development expenditures. The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

Subsidiaries of the Group engaging in the property development business in Mainland China are subject to LAT. However, the implementation of these taxes varies amongst various cities in Mainland China and the Group has not yet finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authority. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the consolidated financial statements in the period in which such determination is made.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provided. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting to the Company's key management personnel as follows:

- (a) the foundation piling segment;
- (b) the E&M engineering and building construction segment;
- (c) the machinery leasing and trading segment;
- (d) the property investment and management segment; and
- (e) the property development segment.

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4. 經營分類資料 (續)

管理層個別監控本集團經營分類之業績，以作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決定。評估分類表現以可報告分類溢利／(虧損) (經調整除稅前溢利／(虧損))為基準。

經調整除稅前溢利／(虧損)乃貫徹本集團之持續經營業務除稅前溢利計量，惟利息收入、融資成本、股息收入、本集團金融工具公平值溢利／(虧損)、分佔聯營公司溢利以及總公司及公司開支除外。

分類資產不包括遞延稅項資產、按公允值計入損益之投資、衍生金融工具、預付稅項、定期存款以及其他未分配總公司及公司資產，原因為該等資產乃按集團基準管理。

分類負債不包括衍生金融工具、計息銀行借貸、應付稅項、遞延稅項負債及其他未分配總公司及公司負債，原因為該等負債乃按集團基準管理。

分類業務間之銷售及轉讓乃參考向第三者銷售時之售價按當時之市價進行交易。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (*Cont'd*)

Management monitors the results of its operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax.

The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax from continuing operations except that interest income, finance costs, dividend income, fair value gains/(losses) from the Group's financial instruments, share of results of associates as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, investments at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, tax prepaid, time deposits and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude derivative financial instruments, interest-bearing bank borrowings, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 經營分類資料（續）

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日止年度

Years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010



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4. 經營分類資料 (續)

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十日止年度

Years ended 31 March 2011 and 2010

	機電及建築工程		機器租賃及買賣		物業投資及管理		物業發展		無分類		綜合	
	E&M engineering and building construction	Machinery leasing and trading	and management	Property development and management	Property investment	物業投資及管理	Property development	Unallocated	Unallocated	Consolidated	Consolidated	
地基打樁	Foundation piling											
二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	
2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
資產及負債：	Assets and liabilities:											
分類資產	Segment assets	710,914	625,034	61,552	78,646	24,989	17,476	536,645	1,441,599	1,612,632	1,519,703	1,184,831
分類負債	Segment liabilities	492,506	342,041	74,785	44,426	2,920	1,620	66,229	34,810	419,091	640,546	1,146,617
其他分類資料：	Other segment information:											
折舊	Depreciation	39,397	32,233	31	49	2,467	3,051	3,914	4,547	1,125	1,258	5,817
應收貿易賬款減值	Impairment of trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	-	-	-	-
其他資產之減值撥回	Writeback of impairment of other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70)	(70)	(20)
減值撥回（撇減轉回）	Write-down/(reversal of write-down) of inventories to net realizable value	-	-	-	-	95	(19)	-	-	-	-	(2)
存貨至可變現淨值出售及撇銷業務、機器及設備項目之虧損／盈利	Loss/(gain) on disposal and write-off of items of property, plant and equipment	(117)	(11,949)	-	-	(2,351)	(13)	26	91	(32)	-	-
出售投資物業之盈利	Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	(524)	(7,598)	-	-	(524)
投資物業之公平值變動	Changes in fair value of investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,899)	(71,840)	-	-	(17,899)
出售附屬公司之虧損／盈利，淨值	Loss/(gain) on disposal of subsidiaries, net	-	-	(15)	-	-	(156,469)	-	-	-	-	545
物業、機器及設備之資本開支	Capital expenditure in respect of property, plant and equipment	65,954	44,195	13	3	7,285	1,299	3,750	1,418	2,041	655	1,645
投資物業之資本開支	Capital expenditure in respect of investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,135	601	-	-	4,135



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4. 經營分類資料（續）

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

地區分類資料

Geographical information

(a) 來自外間客戶收益

(a) Revenue from external customers

	香港 Hong Kong	澳門 Macau	中國其他地區 Elsewhere in the PRC	綜合 Consolidated
二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000

分類收益： Segment revenue:

銷售予外間客戶 Sales to external
customers

1,883,427 967,682 11,093 10,774 765,248 1,156,061 2,659,768 2,134,517

上述收益資料以客戶所在位置為
基準。The revenue information above is based on location of the
customers.

(b) 非流動資產：

(b) Non-current assets:

	香港 Hong Kong	澳門 Macau	中國其他地區 Elsewhere in the PRC	綜合 Consolidated
二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000

上述非流動資產以資產所在位置
為基準且不包括遞延稅項資產。The non-current assets information above is based on location of
the assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

有關一名主要客戶之資料

Information about a major customer

收益約422,032,000港元（二零一零
年：137,199,000港元）來自地基打樁
分類向單一客戶作出之銷售。Revenue of approximately HK\$422,032,000 (2010:
HK\$137,199,000) was derived from sales by the foundation piling
segment to a single customer.



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5. 收益、其他收入及盈利

收益(亦即本集團之營業額)指由建築師或工料測量師驗證之地基打樁與機電及建築工程合約價值；買賣機器及物業管理所得收入；出租物業及機器所得租金收入；出售持有供銷售之物業之收入抵銷集團內公司間一切重大交易後之總額。

本集團之收益、其他收入及盈利之分析如下：

5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the aggregate of the value of foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts certified by architects or quantity surveyors; income derived from machinery trading and property management; rental income from property and machinery leasing; and income from the sale of properties held for sale, after eliminations of all significant intragroup transactions.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and other income and gains is as follows:

收益：

地基打樁
機電及建築工程
機器租賃及買賣
物業投資及管理
物業發展

Revenue:

	二零一一年 2011 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一零年 2010 千港元 HK\$'000
Foundation piling	1,852,870	919,593
E&M engineering and building construction	28,688	41,923
Machinery leasing and trading	12,386	16,405
Property investment and management	74,724	103,247
Property development	691,100	1,053,349
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,659,768	2,134,517

其他收入及盈利：

利息收入
保險索償
出售及撇銷物業、
 機器及設備項目之盈利
出售投資物業之盈利
出售附屬公司之盈利，淨額
補貼收入*
按公平值計入損益
 之投資之公平值盈利，淨額
匯兌盈利，淨額
管理服務收入
上市投資之股息收入
其他

Other income and gains:

Interest income	12,946	1,301
Insurance claims	1,042	993
Gain on disposal and write-off of items of property, plant and equipment	2,474	12,098
Gain on disposal of investment properties	524	7,598
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net	155,924	—
Subsidy income*	404	3,224
Fair value gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss, net	71	1,501
Foreign exchange gains, net	2,943	394
Management service income	8,094	480
Dividend income from listed investments	113	94
Others	3,732	3,071
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	188,267	30,754

* 有關該項收入並無未達成之條件或或然事件。

* There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this income.



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6. 融資成本

6. FINANCE COSTS

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
銀行借貸及透支之利息	Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts:		
- 須於五年內全數償還	- wholly repayable within five years	9,787	12,641
- 須於五年後全數償還	- wholly repayable over five years	577	—
減：發展中物業資本化 之利息（附註16）	Less: Interest capitalised in properties under development (note 16)	—	(920)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		10,364	11,721
		<hr/>	<hr/>

7. 除稅前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除稅前溢利經扣除／（計入）
下列各項後達致：

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	附註 Notes	千港元 HK\$'000
折舊	Depreciation	2.2(b), 14
土地及樓宇	Minimum lease payments under operating leases of land and buildings	12,230
經營租約 之最低租約付款	Rental of construction equipment	24,899
建築設備之租金	Auditors' remuneration	2,477
核數師酬金	Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration - note 8):	238,404
僱員福利支出 (包括董事酬金 - 附註8) :	Wages and salaries	1,217
工資及薪金	Equity-settled share option expense	6,795
以股權支付之購股權支出	Pension scheme contributions	<hr/>
退休金計劃供款		246,416
		<hr/>
		188,378

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

7. 除稅前溢利（續）
7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Cont'd)

	附註 Notes	二零一一年 2011 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一零年 2010 千港元 HK\$'000
外幣匯兌盈利，淨額*	Foreign exchange gains, net*	(2,943)	(394)
應收貿易賬款減值*	Impairment of trade receivables*	—	140
過往年度撇銷應 收貿易賬期收回	Recovery of trade receivables written off in prior years	—	(136)
撇減／(撥回撇減)存貨至 可變現淨值*	Write-down/(reversal of write-down) of of inventories to net realisable value*	95	(21)
出售及撇銷若干物業、 機器及設備項目之盈利*	Gain on disposal and write-off of items of property, plant and equipment*	(2,474)	(12,098)
出售投資物業之盈利*	Gain on disposal of investment properties*	(524)	(7,598)
出售附屬公司之虧損／ (盈利)，淨額*	Loss/(gain) on disposal of subsidiaries, net*	(155,924)	143
公平值虧損／ (盈利)，淨額：	Fair value losses/(gains), net:		
按公平值計入損益之 投資*	Investments at fair value through profit or loss*	(71)	(1,501)
衍生工具－不合資格 對沖交易*	Derivative instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge*	8,527	2,135
其他資產減值撥回*	Write-back of impairment of other assets*	(70)	(20)
一間聯營公司之 欠款減值*	Impairment of an amount due from an associate*	20	10
機器經營租約 之租金收入	Rental income from operating leases of machinery	(5,638)	(7,838)
投資物業租金收入 減直接營運支出	Rental income on investment properties less direct operating expense of HK\$14,999,000		
14,999,000港元 (二零一零年： 26,610,000港元)	(2010: HK\$26,610,000)	(50,976)	(72,312)
上市投資之股息收入*	Dividend income from listed investments*	(113)	(94)

* 有關金額已包括在綜合損益表之「其
他支出淨額」或「其他收入及盈利」
內。

* These amounts are included in "Other expenses, net" or "Other income and
gains" in the consolidated income statement.

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8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）證券上市規則（「上市規則」）及香港公司條例第161條披露之本年度董事酬金如下：

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
袍金：			
執行董事	Executive directors	—	—
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	432	432
執行董事之其他酬金：	Other emoluments of executive directors:		
薪酬、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	38,153	27,431
以股權支付之購股權支出	Equity-settled share option expense	838	2,059
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	84	72
		<hr/> 39,507	<hr/> 29,994

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日及二零零八年三月三十一日止年度，根據本公司之購股權計劃（詳情載於財務報表附註34及董事報告），若干董事因向本集團提供服務獲授購股權。該等購股權之公平值乃於授出日期釐定，並已於歸屬期在損益表內列支，而計入本年度財務報表之金額包括於上文董事酬金之披露。

Fees:			
Executive directors	—	—	
Independent non-executive directors	432	432	
Other emoluments of executive directors:			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	38,153	27,431	
Equity-settled share option expense	838	2,059	
Pension scheme contributions	84	72	
		<hr/> 39,507	<hr/> 29,994

During the years ended 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2008, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 34 to the financial statements and the report of the directors. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

8. 董事酬金 (續)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下：

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows:

	2011	僱員				
		薪酬、津貼 及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and Fees	購股權 settled in kind	退休金 計劃供款 share option benefits	總計
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一一年						
執行董事：	Executive directors:					
張舜堯先生	Mr. Francis Cheung	—	12,473	165	12	12,650
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	—	9,148	165	12	9,325
錢永勛先生	Mr. David Chien	—	918	41	12	971
郭敏慧小姐	Miss Jennifer Kwok	—	5,088	46	12	5,146
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	—	4,292	33	12	4,337
黃琦先生	Mr. Wong Kay	—	2,988	67	12	3,067
劉健輝先生	Mr. Lau Kin Fai	—	1,863	321	6	2,190
張任華先生	Mr. Harvey Jackel Cheung	—	1,383	—	6	1,389
		—	38,153	838	84	39,075
獨立非執行董事：	Independent non-executive directors:					
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul	144	—	—	—	144
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	144	—	—	—	144
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	144	—	—	—	144
		432	—	—	—	432
總計	Total	432	38,153	838	84	39,507

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8. 董事酬金 (續)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

二零一零年 執行董事 :	2010 Executive directors:	僱員 薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits					退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme	總計 Total
		袍金 Fees	在 kind in kind	購股權 settled share option	福利 福利 福利			
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
張舜堯先生	Mr. Francis Cheung	—	9,820	657	12	10,489		
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	—	6,584	657	12	7,253		
錢永勳先生	Mr. David Chien	—	890	160	12	1,062		
郭敏慧小姐	Miss Jennifer Kwok	—	3,104	187	12	3,303		
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	—	3,890	131	12	4,033		
黃琦先生	Mr. Wong Kay	—	3,143	267	12	3,422		
		—	27,431	2,059	72	29,562		
獨立非執行董事 :	Independent non-executive directors:							
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul	144	—	—	—	144		
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	144	—	—	—	144		
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	144	—	—	—	144		
		432	—	—	—	432		
總計	Total	432	27,431	2,059	72	29,994		

本年度內，概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

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9. 五位最高薪之僱員

於本年度及過往年份，五位最高薪之僱員均為本公司董事。其酬金詳情載於上述附註8。

10. 所得稅

香港利得稅按年內於香港產生之估計應課稅溢利之16.5%（二零一零年：16.5%）作出準備。中國其他地區應課稅溢利之稅項已按本集團經營地區之現行適用稅率計算。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the current and prior years are all directors of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above.

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere in the PRC have been calculated at the applicable tax rates prevailing in the areas in which the Group operates.

本年度溢利之稅項撥備：

中國：

香港

其他地區

Provision for tax in respect of profit for the year:

PRC:

Hong Kong

Elsewhere

集團 GROUP	
二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000

11,913	8,520
261,255	313,971
<hr/>	<hr/>
273,168	322,491

上年度撥備不足：

中國：

香港

其他地區

Underprovision in the prior years:

PRC:

Hong Kong

Elsewhere

—	463
27	40
<hr/>	<hr/>

遞延稅項（附註32）

Deferred tax (note 32)

27	503
22,392	30,866
<hr/>	<hr/>

本年度之稅項開支總額

Total tax charge for the year

295,587	353,860
<hr/>	<hr/>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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10. 所得稅（續）

適用於以本公司及其附屬公司所在國家及地區之法定稅率計算之除稅前溢利之稅項開支與以實際稅率計算之稅項開支之對賬如下：

10. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries or regions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate, is as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
除稅前溢利	Profit before tax	<u>711,971</u>	<u>742,808</u>
以法定稅率計算之稅項	Tax at the statutory rates	147,767	187,959
土地增值稅撥備	Provision for land appreciation tax	148,085	145,057
土地增值稅之稅務影響	Tax effect of land appreciation tax	(33,770)	(33,633)
就早前期間之現時稅項 而作出之調整	Adjustments in respect of current tax of prior years	27	503
聯營公司應佔溢利	Profits attributable to associates	(712)	(46)
毋須課稅收入	Income not subject to tax	(22,051)	(3,142)
不予以扣減稅項之開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	14,793	16,343
就本集團中國附屬公司之可供 分派溢利之預扣稅之影響	Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	45,019	44,669
動用過往年度之稅項虧損	Tax losses utilised from prior years	(8,758)	(6,585)
未確認稅項虧損	Tax losses not recognised	<u>5,187</u>	<u>2,735</u>
按本集團實際稅率計算 之稅項開支	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	<u>295,587</u>	<u>353,860</u>

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11. 本公司普通股股東應佔溢利

本公司於財務報表處理之截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度本公司普通股股東應佔綜合溢利包括本公司之溢利 202,977,000 港元 (二零一零年：29,998,000 港元) (附註35(b))。

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2011 includes a profit of HK\$202,977,000 (2010: HK\$29,998,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 35(b)).

12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

本年度派付股息：

截至二零一零年

三月三十一日止年度末期股息

－每股普通股3.0港仙

(截至二零零九年)

三月三十一日止年度：

1.5港仙)

中期股息－每股普通股2.0港仙

(二零一零年：1.5港仙)

Dividends paid during the year:

Final in respect of the financial year ended

31 March 2010 - HK3.0 cents

(year ended 31 March 2009: HK1.5 cents)

per ordinary share

二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

25,472	12,573
<hr/>	<hr/>
17,048	12,588
<hr/>	<hr/>
42,520	25,161

建議派付末期股息：

末期股息－每股普通股4.0港仙

(二零一零年：3.0港仙)

Proposed final dividend:

Final - HK4.0 cents (2010: HK3.0 cents)

per ordinary share

34,805	25,359
<hr/>	<hr/>

本年度建議派付之末期股息經本公司股東即將召開之股東週年大會上批准。該等財務報表並無反映應付末期股息。

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the final dividend payable.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13. 本公司普通股股東應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔本年度溢利373,441,000港元(二零一零年：271,424,000港元)及於本年度內已發行普通股加權平均數851,831,519股(二零一零年：839,191,793股)計算。

截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔溢利373,441,000港元(二零一零年：271,424,000港元)計算。計算時所用之加權平均普通股股數，為年內已發行普通股股數，即計算每股基本盈利時所用之股數，以及假設在該年度內行使購股權時無償發行7,109,377股(二零一零年：6,582,678股)普通股之加權平均數。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$373,441,000 (2010: HK\$271,424,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 851,831,519 (2010: 839,191,793) in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 March 2011 is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$373,441,000 (2010: HK\$271,424,000). The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during that year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of share options into ordinary shares during the year of 7,109,377 (2010: 6,582,678).



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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14. 物業、機器及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

集團

GROUP

	設備及機器	傢俬及裝置			租賃	
土地及樓宇	Equipment	Furniture	汽車	遊艇	物業裝修	
Land and building	and machinery	and fixtures	Motor vehicles	Motor yacht	Leasehold improvements	Total
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

二零一一年三月三十一日

31 March 2011

成本：

Cost:

年初(經重列)	At beginning of year					
	(Restated)	138,482	728,806	32,341	20,141	6,098
添置	Additions	–	73,770	1,497	1,980	–
出售	Disposals	–	(8,756)	(452)	(1,504)	–
出售附屬公司 (附註40)	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 40)	–	(146)	(15,754)	(1,142)	–
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	–	470	173	237	–
		<u>138,482</u>	<u>794,144</u>	<u>17,805</u>	<u>19,712</u>	<u>6,098</u>
於二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011					
		<u>138,482</u>	<u>794,144</u>	<u>17,805</u>	<u>19,712</u>	<u>6,098</u>

累計折舊及

Accumulated depreciation

減值：

and impairment:

年初(經重列)	At beginning of year					
	(Restated)	10,376	589,974	25,430	14,252	6,098
本年度折舊	Depreciation provided					
撥備	during the year	4,175	42,217	1,521	2,253	–
出售	Disposals	–	(8,515)	(423)	(1,304)	–
出售附屬公司 (附註40)	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 40)	–	(94)	(11,408)	(1,027)	–
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	–	378	125	154	–
		<u>14,551</u>	<u>623,960</u>	<u>15,245</u>	<u>14,328</u>	<u>6,098</u>
於二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011					
		<u>14,551</u>	<u>623,960</u>	<u>15,245</u>	<u>14,328</u>	<u>6,098</u>

賬面淨值：

Net carrying amount:

於二零一一年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011					
		<u>123,931</u>	<u>170,184</u>	<u>2,560</u>	<u>5,384</u>	<u>–</u>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

集團 (續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

GROUP (Cont'd)

土地及樓宇 Land and building	設備及機器 Equipment	傢俬及裝置 Furniture and fixtures	汽車 Motor vehicles	遊艇 Motor yacht	物業裝修 Leasehold improvements	租賃 Leasehold Total	
						千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
(經重列) (Restated)							

二零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

成本：

年初	At beginning of year	138,482	707,707	32,077	19,762	6,098	61,361	965,487
添置	Additions	—	46,038	954	2,058	—	251	49,301
出售	Disposals	—	(24,245)	(718)	(1,472)	—	—	(26,435)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	—	(780)	—	(250)	—	—	(1,030)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	—	86	28	43	—	229	386
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	138,482	728,806	32,341	20,141	6,098	61,841	987,709

累計折舊

及減值：

年初	At beginning of year	6,199	579,149	24,091	13,681	6,098	53,583	682,801
本年度折舊	Depreciation provided during the year	4,177	35,700	1,979	2,148	—	2,993	46,997
撥備	Disposals	—	(24,163)	(661)	(1,380)	—	—	(26,204)
出售	Disposal of subsidiaries	—	(780)	—	(221)	—	—	(1,001)
出售附屬公司	Exchange realignment	—	68	21	24	—	226	339
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	10,376	589,974	25,430	14,252	6,098	56,802	702,932

賬面淨值：

於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	128,106	138,832	6,911	5,889	—	5,039	284,777
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	132,283	128,558	7,986	6,081	—	7,778	282,686

本集團計入物業、廠房及設備賬面淨值為100,786,000港元(二零一零年：103,566,000港元)之土地位於香港並按中期租約持有。

本集團若干土地及樓宇、設備及機器已作為銀行向本集團提供銀行信貸之抵押品(附註31)。

The Group's land included in property, plant and equipment with a net carrying amount of HK\$100,786,000 (2010: HK\$103,566,000) is situated in Hong Kong and is held under a medium term lease.

Certain of the Group's land and building, equipment and machinery were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 31).

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

本集團若干設備及機器根據經營租約出租予第三方，有關的進一步資料概況載於財務報表附註36(a)。

本集團根據經營租約持有供使用之設備及機器總額及其相關累計折舊與減值虧損總額如下：

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (*Cont'd*)

Certain of the Group's equipment and machinery are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 36(a) to the financial statements.

The gross amounts of the Group's equipment and machinery held for use under operating leases and the related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
成本	Cost	70,931	68,879
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(55,827)	(58,538)
累計減值虧損	Accumulated impairment losses	<u>(182)</u>	<u>(182)</u>
賬面淨值	Net book value	<u>14,922</u>	<u>10,159</u>

15. 投資物業

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
於年初之賬面值	Carrying amount at beginning of year	1,258,540	1,206,160
增添	Additions	4,135	601
出售 - 間附屬公司 (附註40(a))	Disposal of a subsidiary (note 40(a))	<u>(889,200)</u>	<u>—</u>
出售	Disposals	<u>(13,126)</u>	<u>(28,960)</u>
公平值變動	Fair value changes	<u>17,899</u>	<u>71,840</u>
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	<u>33,216</u>	<u>8,899</u>
於年終之賬面值	Carrying amount at end of year	<u>411,464</u>	<u>1,258,540</u>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

15. 投資物業 (續)

本集團之投資物業按以下租期持有，其分佈地區如下：

二零一一年三月三十一日

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The Group's investment properties are held under the following lease terms in the following geographical locations:

31 March 2011

	中國 PRC		
	香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	18,500	18,500
長期租約	Long term leases	—	392,964
		<u>18,500</u>	<u>392,964</u>
		<u>18,500</u>	<u>411,464</u>

二零一零年三月三十一日

31 March 2010

	中國 PRC		
	香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	16,000	889,200
長期租約	Long term leases	—	353,340
		<u>16,000</u>	<u>1,242,540</u>
		<u>16,000</u>	<u>1,258,540</u>

本集團之投資物業已於二零一一年三月三十一日由獨立專業合資格物業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司按公開市場及現有用途基準重新估值。投資物業乃根據經營租約租賃予第三方，有關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註36(a)。

本集團若干投資物業已抵押予銀行作為向本集團提供若干銀行信貸之抵押(附註31)。

The Group's investment properties were revalued on an open market, existing use basis, as at 31 March 2011, by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, a firm of independent professionally qualified property valuers. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 36(a) to the financial statements.

Certain of the Group's investment properties were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 31).

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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16. 發展中物業

16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
年初結存	Balance at beginning of year	612,657	580,236
本年度添置	Additions during the year	370,252	131,521
資本化之利息(附註6)	Interest capitalised (note 6)	—	920
轉撥至持作出售物業(附註22)	Transfer to properties held for sale (note 22)	(449,329)	(104,196)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	23,756	4,176
年終結存	Balance at end of year	557,336	612,657
本期部份	Current portion	(281,762)	(265,888)
非本期部份	Non-current portion	275,574	346,769

17. 已付訂金

17. DEPOSITS PAID

- (a) 計入金額為以約307,800,000人民幣(相當於365,453,000港元)之代價收購中國瀋陽之一幅土地而支付訂金365,453,000港元(二零一零年:351,389,000港元)。交易的進一步詳情於本公司於二零零九年一月二十八日刊發之通函中披露。
- (b) 已就收購物業、機器及設備已支付訂金2,211,000港元(二零一零年:2,125,000港元)。
- (c) 於二零一一年三月十五日，本集團與一名獨立第三方訂立備忘錄，以代價203,730,000港元收購一項物業，即香港黃竹坑香葉道2號One Island South 20樓全層(「香港物業」)。於報告期末，收購香港物業之按金20,373,000港元已由本集團支付。有關交易之進一步詳情載於本公司於二零一一年三月十六日刊發之公佈。

- (a) Included in the amount was a deposit of HK\$365,453,000 (2010: HK\$351,389,000) paid for the acquisition of a parcel of land in Shenyang, the PRC, at a consideration of approximately RMB307,800,000 (equivalent to HK\$365,453,000). Further details of the transaction were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 28 January 2009.
- (b) Deposit of HK\$2,211,000 (2010: HK\$2,125,000) was paid for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment.
- (c) On 15 March 2011, the Group entered into a memorandum with an independent third party in relation to the acquisition of a property being the whole floor of 20th Floor, One Island South, No.2 Heung Yip Road, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Property") at a consideration of HK\$203,730,000. At the end of the reporting period, deposit amounting to HK\$20,373,000 was paid by the Group for the acquisition of the Hong Kong Property. Further details of the transaction were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 16 March 2011.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	公司 COMPANY	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
非上市股份，按成本	Unlisted shares, at cost	20,310	19,094
附屬公司之欠款 減值 [#]	Amounts due from subsidiaries Impairment [#]	<u>942,606</u> <u>(49,244)</u>	<u>885,196</u> <u>(56,704)</u>
		<u>893,362</u>	<u>828,492</u>
一年內到期分類 為流動資產之部份	Portion due within one year, classified as current assets	<u>(22,312)</u>	<u>—</u>
		<u>871,050</u>	<u>828,492</u>
欠附屬公司之款項 一年內到期分類為 流動負債之部份	Amounts due to subsidiaries Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities	<u>(83,926)</u> <u>83,926</u>	<u>(188,757)</u> <u>188,757</u>
		<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
		<u>891,360</u>	<u>847,586</u>

本集團已就賬面值為49,244,000港元（二零一零年：56,704,000港元）（扣除減值虧損前）之若干附屬公司之欠款確認減值，原因是各附屬公司長期產生虧損。

年內，本公司收到若干附屬公司還款並就該等附屬公司之欠款確認減值撥回7,460,000港元（二零一零年：3,722,000港元）。附屬公司之欠款及欠附屬公司之款項均為無抵押及免息。計入流動負債之附屬公司結存須於要求時或於一年內償還，而計入非流動資產之附屬公司結存則毋須於由報告期末起計一年內償還，並視為借予該等附屬公司之準權益貸款，惟若干附屬金司之欠款須於由報告期末起計一年內償還。附屬公司結存之賬面值與其公平值相若。

An impairment was recognised for certain amounts due from subsidiaries with a carrying amount of HK\$49,244,000 (2010: HK\$56,704,000) (before deducting the impairment loss) because the respective subsidiaries had been loss-making for some time.

During the year, the Company received repayments from certain subsidiaries and a write-back of impairment of HK\$7,460,000 (2010: HK\$3,722,000) was recognised for those amounts due from subsidiaries. The amounts due from and to subsidiaries are unsecured and interest-free. The balances with subsidiaries included in the current liabilities are repayable on demand or within one year whereas the balances with subsidiaries included in non-current assets are not expected to be repaid within one year from the end of the reporting period and are considered as quasi-equity loans to those subsidiaries except for certain amounts due from subsidiaries which are repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period. The carrying amounts of balances with the subsidiaries approximate to their fair values.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

本公司已承諾不要求附屬公司泰昇地基工程有限公司償還欠款80,000,000港元 (二零一零年 : 80,000,000港元) , 使該附屬公司可維持政府當局規定所需最低限額之營運資金。

主要附屬公司詳情如下 :

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

The Company has undertaken not to demand repayment of the amount due from a subsidiary, Tysan Foundation Limited, of HK\$80,000,000 (2010: HK\$80,000,000), in order to let the subsidiary maintain the required minimum working capital as stipulated by government authorities.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
				二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
泰昇(香港)控股有限公司 Tysan (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地基工程有限公司 (附註1及2) Tysan Foundation Limited (notes 1 and 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 51,000,000港元 遞延股 3,000,000港元 Ordinary HK\$51,000,000 Deferred HK\$3,000,000	100	100	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 (附註1) Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited (note 1)	澳門 Macau	普通股 25,000澳門元 Ordinary MOP25,000	100	100	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇機械租賃有限公司 (附註2) Tysan Machinery Hire Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 遞延股 200,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000 Deferred HK\$200,000	100	100	機械租賃 Machinery hiring

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
				二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
泰昇地基工程(香港)有限公司 (附註1) Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	項目管理及 提供諮詢服務 Project management and provision of consultancy services
泰昇土力工程有限公司 (附註1) Tysan Geotechnical Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	地盤實地勘探 Site investigation
先進機械工程有限公司 (附註1) Proficiency Equipment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 6,750,000港元 Ordinary HK\$6,750,000	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
先進工程營造有限公司 (附註1) Proficiency Engineering Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	提供工程服務 Provision of engineering services
剛耀有限公司 (附註1) Lion Bright Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
泰昇管理有限公司 (附註1及2) Tysan Management Limited (notes 1 and 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 遞延股2港元 Ordinary HK\$100 Deferred HK\$2	100	100	企業管理 Corporate management

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
				二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
新曜有限公司 Sun Sparkle Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
卓民有限公司 Great Unison Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股1港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
泰昇投資發展有限公司 Tysan Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地產發展投資有限公司 Tysan Property Development & Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築有限公司 Tysan Construction Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
沛溢投資有限公司 (附註1) Faithmark Investments Limited (<i>note 1</i>)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
Tremend Yield Limited (附註1) Tremend Yield Limited (<i>note 1</i>)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
三悅投資有限公司 (附註1) Trions Investment Limited (<i>note 1</i>)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
善信投資有限公司 (附註1) Sure Faith Investment Limited (<i>note 1</i>)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	持有物業 Property holding

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
				二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
頓肯房地產有限公司 (附註1) Duncan Properties Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Dragonhill Limited (附註1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
剛毅投資有限公司 (附註1) Great Regent Investments Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
興懋有限公司 (附註1) Great Prosper Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	90	90	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇房地產開發(天津) 有限公司 (附註1及3) Tysan Property Development (Tianjin) Company Limited (notes 1 and 3)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	15,500,000美元 US\$15,500,000	90	90	物業發展 Property development
泰升房地產(上海)有限公司 (附註1、4及5) Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited (notes 1, 4 and 5)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	20,500,000美元 US\$20,500,000	100	80	物業發展 Property development
泰昇工程服務有限公司 (附註1) Tysan Engineering Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	70	70	投資控股 Investment holding



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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	
泰昇工程(香港)有限公司 (附註1) Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 20,600,000港元 Ordinary HK\$20,600,000	70	70	提供電機及 機械服務 Provision of electrical and mechanical services
華園國際有限公司 (「華園」)(附註1及5) China Garden International Limited ("China Garden") (notes 1 and 5)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
Allbright Investment Limited (附註1及5) (notes 1 and 5)	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	普通股100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
Ironwood Pacific Limited (附註1及5) (notes 1 and 5)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
Federated resources Limited (附註1及5) (notes 1 and 5)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股100美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
Beneficial Enterprises Limited (附註1及5) (notes 1 and 5)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
紅光投資有限公司 (附註 1 及 5) Red Shine Investment Limited (notes 1 and 5)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company	主要業務 Principal activities	
				二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
海逸投資有限公司 (附註 1 及 5) Hiat Investment Limited (notes 1 and 5)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	60	物業投資 Property investment
佳利威有限公司 (附註 1 及 5) Carriway Limited (notes 1 and 5)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
資盛行有限公司 (附註 1 及 5) Fund House Limited (notes 1 and 5)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	60	投資控股 Investment holding
頓肯物業管理(上海)有限公司(附註 1、3 及 5) Duncan Property Management (Shanghai) Company Limited (notes 1, 3 and 5)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	500,000美元 US\$500,000	100	60	物業管理 Property management
上海華園國際房地產開發經營有限公司 (附註 1、3 及 5) Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited (notes 1, 3 and 5)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	5,000,000美元 US\$5,000,000	100	60	物業投資 Property investment
上海長寧頓肯房地產開發經營有限公司 (附註 1、3 及 5) Shanghai Changning Duncan Property Development Company Limited (notes 1, 3 and 5)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	10,000,000美元 US\$10,000,000	100	60	物業發展 Property development

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

名稱 Name	註冊成立／ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本／ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	本公司應佔之 股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	
上海頓肯房地產諮詢 有限公司 (附註1、4及5) Shanghai Duncan Property Consulting Company Limited (notes 1, 4 and 5)	中國／ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	100,000美元 US\$100,000	100	60	提供物業 諮詢服務 Provision of property consultancy services
曜基有限公司 (附註1) Sparkle Key Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	97	97	投資控股 Investment holding

附註 :

1. 透過附屬公司持有。
2. 遞延股份無權獲派股息 (於有關公司可供分派股息之純利超過10億港元之任何財政年度按每年5厘之息率派發之固定非累計股息除外)，亦無權於股東大會上投票，而且於清盤時無權收取資本退還之任何盈餘 (該等股份之已繳股本除外，惟該公司之普通股持有人必須於清盤時已經就每股普通股獲分派共10,000億港元)。
3. 該等實體乃根據中國法例註冊為外商獨資企業。
4. 該等實體乃根據中國法例註冊為中外合資企業。

Notes:

1. Held through subsidiaries.
2. The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends (other than a fixed non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum for any financial year during which the net profit of the relevant company available for dividends exceeds HK\$1 billion), no rights to vote at general meetings, no rights to receive any surplus on a return of capital on a winding-up (other than the amount paid up on such shares, provided that the holders of the ordinary shares of that company have been distributed in such a winding-up of a sum of HK\$1,000 billion in respect of each ordinary share).
3. These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law.
4. These entities are registered as Sino-foreign joint ventures under the PRC law.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

附註：(續)

5. 於二零一零年十一月十五日，本公司一間全資附屬公司頓肯房地產有限公司與當時擁有60%權益的附屬公司(即(a)華園國際有限公司及其附屬公司上海華園國際房地產開發經營有限公司、(b) Allbright Investment Limited及其附屬公司紅光投資有限公司及上海頓肯房地產諮詢有限公司、(c) Ironwood Pacific Limited及其附屬公司海逸投資有限公司、(d) Federated Resources Limited及其附屬公司佳利威有限公司及上海長寧頓肯房地產開發經營有限公司及(e) Beneficial Enterprises Limited及其附屬公司資盛行有限公司、頓肯物業管理(上海)有限公司及百豐顧問有限公司(統稱「當時擁有60%權益的附屬公司」))各自的非控股權益持有人(「賣方」)訂立買賣協議，以總現金代價300,000,000港元(即股份代價與債務代價的總和)向賣方收購當時擁有60%權益的附屬公司的40%股權及合共94,087,000港元股東貸款的權利及利益。由於賣方通過當時擁有60%權益的附屬公司持有泰升房地產(上海)有限公司(「泰升房地產」)的20%股權，故此本集團通過收購購入泰升房地產的20%股權。收購於二零一一年一月十八日完成。直至二零一一年三月三十一日，已支付150,000,000港元的代價，其餘代價150,000,000港元計入其他應付款項(附註29)。上述收購作為股權交易列賬。因此，總代價300,000,000港元及非控股股東權益的賬面值總額281,567,000港元與非控股股東提供的貸款94,087,000港元之間的貸方差額75,654,000港元計入權益中的保留溢利內。

6. 於二零一零年八月十八日，本公司當時非全資附屬公司Conesco Investment Company Limited(「Conesco」)以167,766,000港元向天津國際大廈有限公司非控股股權天津建工集團(控股)有限公司(「天津建工」)收購其於天津國際大廈有限公司之20%股權。此收購事項完成後，天津國際大廈有限公司成為本公司之全資附屬公司。

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Notes: (Cont'd)

5. On 15 November 2010, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Duncan Properties Limited, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with non-controlling equity holders (the "Vendors") of each of then 60%-owned subsidiaries, (a) China Garden International Limited and its subsidiary, Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited, (b) Allbright Investment Limited and its subsidiaries, Red Shine Investment Limited and Shanghai Duncan Property Consulting Company Limited, (c) Ironwood Pacific Limited and its subsidiary, Hiat Investment Limited, (d) Federated Resources Limited and its subsidiaries, Carriway Limited and Shanghai Changning Duncan Property Development Company Limited, and (e) Beneficial Enterprises Limited and its subsidiaries, Fund House Limited, Duncan Property Management (Shanghai) Company Limited and Besiful Consultants Limited, (collectively known as "Then 60%-owned Subsidiaries") to acquire from the Vendors 40% equity interest in and the rights and benefits in the shareholders' loans of HK\$94,087,000 in aggregate to the Then 60%-owned Subsidiaries for the total cash consideration of HK\$300,000,000, being the total of the shares consideration and the debt consideration. Since the Vendors held 20% equity interest of Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited ("Tysan Land") through Then 60%-owned Subsidiaries, the Group also acquired 20% equity interest of Tysan Land through the acquisition. The acquisition was completed on 18 January 2011. Up to 31 March 2011, consideration of HK\$150,000,000 was paid and the remaining consideration of HK\$150,000,000 was included in other payable (note 29). Such acquisition was accounted for as an equity transaction. Accordingly, the credit difference of HK\$75,654,000 between the total consideration of HK\$300,000,000 and aggregate amounts of the carrying amount of non-controlling interests, of HK\$281,567,000 and the loans from non-controlling shareholding of HK\$94,087,000 were recorded in the retained profits in the equity.

6. On 18 August 2010, Conesco Investment Company Limited ("Conesco"), a then non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired additional 20% interest in its subsidiary, Tianjin International Building Company Limited ("TIBC") from Tianjin Construction Engineering Group (Holding) Co. Ltd. ("TCE"), the non-controlling interest of TIBC, at a consideration of HK\$167,766,000. TIBC became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Conesco upon the completion of such acquisition.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. 附屬公司權益 (續)

附註 : (續)

6. (續)

於二零一零年六月十二日，本公司之非全資附屬公司津港開發有限公司（「津港開發」）、本公司之全資附屬公司Stonehill Limited（「Stonehill」）及第三方天安(天津)投資有限公司（「天安(天津)投資」）與一名獨立第三方訂立出售協議，向其出售彼等於本公司非全資附屬公司Conesco及其附屬公司天津國際大廈有限公司的全部股權及其股東貸款的權利及權益（「出售事項」）。出售事項已於二零一零年十月二十九日完成。交易之詳情載於財務報表附註40(a)。

上表所列之本公司附屬公司是董事認為對本集團之本年度業績有重大影響或構成本集團大部份資產淨值之附屬公司。董事認為，詳列其他附屬公司會引致內容過於冗長。

19. 聯營公司權益

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Notes: (Cont'd)

6. (Cont'd)

On 12 June 2010, Tianjin Development Company Limited, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Stonehill Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Tian An (Tianjin) Investment Company Limited ("TAIC"), a third party, entered into a disposal agreement to dispose of all of their equity interest in and the rights and benefits in the shareholders' loan to Conesco, and its subsidiary, TIBC, to an independent third party ("the Disposal"). The Disposal was completed on 29 October 2010. Further details of the transaction are included in note 40(a) to the financial statements.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	25,984	17,182
聯營公司之欠款	Amounts due from associates	1,418	284
聯營公司之貸款	Loans to associates	3,250	2,450
		<hr/>	<hr/>
減：減值	Less: Impairment	30,652	19,916
		(304)	(284)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		30,348	19,632

應佔資產淨值
聯營公司之欠款
聯營公司之貸款

減：減值

Share of net assets
Amounts due from associates
Loans to associates

Less: Impairment

聯營公司之欠款為無抵押、免息及無固定還款期。

聯營公司之貸款金額為3,250,000港元（二零一零年：2,450,000港元），為無抵押、免息及並無固定還款期。

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The loans to associates of HK\$3,250,000 (2010: HK\$2,450,000) are unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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19. 聯營公司權益（續）

來自一間聯營公司之貸款包括在本集團之非流動負債為24,560,000港元（二零一零年：24,560,000港元），為無抵押、免息及無須自二零一一年三月三十一日起十二個月內償還。

本集團的貿易應收款項及應付聯營公司之結存分別於財務報表附註24及28披露。

聯營公司結存之賬面值與其公平值相若。

主要聯營公司之詳情如下：

名稱 Name	所持已發行 股份詳情及面值 Particulars and nominal value of issued shares held	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	本集團應佔之 擁有權百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	主要業務 Principal activities
力騏投資有限公司 Turbo Dragon Investment Limited	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	50	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築工程有限公司 (「泰昇建築工程」) # Tysan Building Construction Company Limited ("TBC") #	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
澳泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 (「澳泰昇」) # Mac Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited ("Mac Tysan") #	每股普通股 面值1澳門元 Ordinary shares of MOP1 each	澳門 Macau	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

19. 聯營公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (*Cont'd*)

名稱 Name	所持已發行 股份詳情及面值 Particulars and nominal value of issued shares held	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	本集團應佔之 擁有權百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇工程策劃有限公司 (「泰昇工程策劃」)* Tysan Project Management Limited ("TPML") #	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
泰昇貿易有限公司 (「泰昇貿易」)* Tysan Trading Company Limited ("TTCL") *	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary share of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	40	一般貿易 General trading

該等實體為本公司過往年度之附屬公司。於二零零九年七月二十九日，本集團以代價510,000港元向Victor Create Limited(「Victor Create」)出售其於泰昇建築工程1%之股權。之後，本集團擁有該等實體49%之股權，並在泰昇建築工程董事局會議上不再享有絕大多數投票權，而相應地該等實體成為本集團之聯營公司。有關是次出售之其他詳情載於財務報表附註40(b)(ii)。

* 於二零一零年九月二十二日，本集團以總代價776,000港元向本公司兩名董事出售泰昇貿易之合共10%權益及其200,000港元之股東貸款之權利及利益。緊隨是次出售後，本集團於泰昇貿易之股權由50%降至40%，並在泰昇貿易董事局會議上不再享有絕大多數投票權，而相應地泰昇貿易成為本集團之聯營公司。有關是次出售之其他詳情載於財務報表附註40(b)(i)。

上表列出董事認為主要影響本集團分佔聯營公司業績或形成本集團所佔聯營公司大部份權益之本集團聯營公司。董事認為，詳列其他聯營公司會引致內容過於冗長。

These entities were the Company's subsidiaries in prior years. On 29 July 2009, the Group disposed of its 1% equity interest in TBC to Victor Create Limited ("Victor Create"), at a consideration of HK\$510,000. Subsequent to the disposal, the Group owned 49% equity interests in these entities and is no longer in a position to cast the majority of the votes at the meetings of the board of directors of TBC and accordingly, these entities became associates of the Group. Further details of this disposal are included in note 40(b)(ii) to financial statements.

* On 22 September 2010, the Group disposed of in aggregate 10% interest in and the rights and benefits in the shareholder's loan of HK\$200,000 to TTCL to two directors of the Company at a total consideration of HK\$776,000. Immediately after the disposal, the Group's equity interest in TTCL reduced from 50% to 40% and the Group is no longer in a position to cast the majority of the votes in the meetings of the board of directors of TTCL and accordingly, TTCL became an associate of the Group. Further details of this disposal are included in note 40(b)(i) of financial statements.

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, affected the Group's share of results of the associates or formed a substantial portion of the Group's interests in associates. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

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19. 聯營公司權益 (續)

下表列示摘錄自本集團聯營公司財務報表之財務資料概要：

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their financial statements:

		二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
資產	Assets	145,098	61,052
負債	Liabilities	89,099	26,199
收益	Revenue	168,939	31,710
溢利	Profits	<u>9,678</u>	<u>549</u>

20. 按公平值計入損益之投資

20. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

於香港上市之股份投資，按市值
於中國之非上市資金，按報價

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong,
at market value
Unlisted fund in the PRC, at quoted price

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
		4,183	4,002
		<u>118,750</u>	<u>—</u>
		<u>122,933</u>	<u>4,002</u>

上述於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日之投資已列為持作買賣用途。

The above investments at 31 March 2011 and 2010 were classified as held for trading.

21. 存貨

21. INVENTORIES

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
原料	Raw materials	2,559	5,644
零件及其他	Spare parts and others	<u>9,065</u>	<u>20,266</u>
		<u>11,624</u>	<u>25,910</u>

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22. 持有供銷售之物業
22. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
年初	At beginning of year	197,649	473,876
轉撥自發展中物業 (附註16)	Transfer from properties under development (note 16)	449,329	104,196
年內出售之物業	Properties sold during the year	(210,148)	(384,143)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	2,739	3,720
年終	At end of year	<u>439,569</u>	<u>197,649</u>

本集團持有供銷售之物業位於中國內地及以長期租約持有。

The Group's properties held for sale are located in Mainland China and are held under long term leases.

23. 建築合約
23. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	88,407	92,639
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	(224,428)	(201,434)
		<u>(136,021)</u>	<u>(108,795)</u>
所產生之合約成本加截至本年報 日期已確認溢利減已確認虧損 減：已收及應收進度賬款	Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date Less: Progress billings received and receivable	4,489,462 (4,625,483)	3,465,074 (3,573,869)
		<u>(136,021)</u>	<u>(108,795)</u>



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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24. 應收貿易賬款

本集團跟隨本地行業標準制定信貸政策。給予貿易客戶之平均一般信貸期為90日內（應收保固金除外），惟須經管理層定期檢討。有鑑於上文所述及本集團之應收貿易賬款與大量不同客戶有關，故概無信貸風險過於集中之情況。應收貿易賬款均為免息。

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group has established credit policies that follow local industry standards. The average normal credit periods offered to trade customers other than for retention receivables are within 90 days, and are subject to periodic review by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	454,764	397,471
減值	Impairment	(30)	(30)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		454,734	397,441

應收貿易賬款中包括應收聯營公司款項 5,696,000港元（二零一零年：601,000港元），其還款信貸條款與給予本集團主要客戶的條款相若。

以發票日期及撥備淨值計算，應收貿易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下：

Included in the trade receivables are amounts due from associates of HK\$5,696,000 (2010: HK\$601,000), which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provision, is as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款：	Trade receivables:		
90日內	Within 90 days	309,538	282,348
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	1,715	1,759
181日至360日	181 to 360 days	3,294	1,643
360日以上	Over 360 days	875	32
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		315,422	285,782
應收保固金	Retention receivables	139,312	111,659
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		454,734	397,441

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

24. 應收貿易賬款 (續)

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下：

年初
已確認減值虧損
撇銷為不可收回之款項
出售附屬公司

年終

計入上述應收貿易賬款之減值撥備為30,000港元(二零一零年：30,000港元)是就個別應收貿易賬而作其撥備前賬面總值為30,000港元(二零一零年：30,000港元)。個別已減值應收貿易賬款與處於財務困難之客戶有關，預期概不可收回。

視作將不予減值之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下：

既無過期亦無減值
已過期1日至90日
已過期91日至270日
已過期超過270日

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

The movements in provision for individual impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
年初	At beginning of year	30	828
已確認減值虧損	Impairment losses recognised	—	140
撇銷為不可收回之款項	Amount written off as uncollectible	—	(844)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	—	(94)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
年終	At end of year	30	30
		<hr/>	<hr/>

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$30,000 (2010: HK\$30,000) is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$30,000 (2010: HK\$30,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and none of the receivables is expected to be recovered.

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
既無過期亦無減值	Neither past due nor impaired	448,850	394,007
已過期1日至90日	1 to 90 days past due	1,715	1,759
已過期91日至270日	91 to 270 days past due	3,294	1,643
已過期超過270日	More than 270 days past due	875	32
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		454,734	397,441
		<hr/>	<hr/>



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

24. 應收貿易賬款（續）

既無過期亦無減值之應收款項與大量並無近期違約歷史的不同客戶有關。已過期但並無減值之應收款項與大量與本集團有著良好交易記錄的獨立客戶有關。依據過往經驗，本公司董事認為，由於信貸質量並無重大變動且結存仍視為可全部收回，故概無必要就該等結存作出減值撥備。本集團並無就該等結存持有任何擔保或提高其他信貸。

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

25. 其他應收款項、預付款項及訂金

25. OTHER RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

	集團 GROUP		公司 COMPANY	
	二零一一年 March 31, 2011	二零一零年 March 31, 2010	二零零九年 April 1, 2009	二零一一年 March 31, 2011
	三月三十一日	三月三十一日	四月一日	三月三十一日
	31 March 2011	31 March 2010	1 April 2009	31 March 2011
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
	(經重列) {Restated}	(經重列) {Restated}	(經重列) {Restated}	(經重列) {Restated}
預付款項及訂金	16,437	27,670	18,403	138
其他應收款項	31,911	26,497	12,555	—
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	48,348	54,167	30,958	138
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
				137

概無上述資產已過期或出現減值。計入上述結存之金融資產與並無近期違約歷史之應收款項有關。

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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26. 衍生金融工具
26. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
集團
GROUP

		二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		資產 Assets 千港元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 千港元 HK\$'000
遠期外匯累計認購期權	Forward currency accumulators	87	26
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	—	5,821
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		87	5,847
歸類為非即期的部分：	Portion classified as non-current:		
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	—	(5,821)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
即期部分	Current portion	87	26
		<hr/>	<hr/>

本集團已訂立多項遠期外匯累計認購權合約及利率掉期，以管理其不符合對沖會計處理標準之外匯及匯率風險。非對沖衍生工具之公平淨值變動4,026,000港元（二零一零年：1,734,000港元）乃計入年內之損益表內。該等金融工具之賬面值與其公平值相若。上述衍生金融工具所涉交易乃與信譽良好且近期違約歷史之金融機構進行。

The Group has entered into various forward currency accumulators contracts and interest rate swaps to manage its foreign currency and exchange rate exposures which did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value, net, of non-hedging derivatives amounting to HK\$4,026,000 (2010: HK\$1,734,000) were charged to the income statement during the year. The carrying amounts of those financial instruments are the same as their fair values. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments are conducted with creditworthy financial institutions with no recent history of default.



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27. 現金及銀行結存、定期存款及受限制現金

27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, TIME DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH

		附註 Notes	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
			千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
定期存款：	Time deposits:			集團 GROUP
– 其他定期存款	– other time deposits	(a)	491,652	952,375
– 結構性存款	– structured deposits	(b)	296,875	—
定期存款總額	Total time deposits	(c)	788,527	952,375
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(a)	321,484	396,865
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(d)	56,286	114,180
			1,166,297	1,463,420
以下列貨幣列值：	Denominated in:			
美元	United States dollar ("USD")		2,203	7,194
歐元	Euro ("EUR")		10,273	3,878
澳門元	Macao potacas ("MOP")		314	349
人民幣	Renminbi ("RMB")		801,701	1,308,002
日元	Japanese yen ("YEN")		—	26
港元	HK\$		351,806	143,971
			1,166,297	1,463,420

人民幣不可自由兌換為其他貨幣，然而，根據外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定，本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行，將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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27. 現金及銀行結存、定期存款及受限制現金（續）

附註：

- (a) 銀行存款按每日銀行存款利率計算之浮動利率賺取利息。定期存款具有不同之存款期限，由七天至三年不等，視乎本集團之即時現金需求而定，並按有關之定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結存及訂金存入並無近期違約歷史之信譽卓著之銀行。
- (b) 結構性存款為具有固定到期期限之定期存款，按攤銷成本列賬。結構性存款利率基於美元與港元之間之匯率變動而波動。本集團主要將結構性存款用於提升投資回報。
- (c) 該結存中包括訂立時原定於三個月後到期之定期存款119,262,000港元（二零一零年：235,392,000港元）。
- (d) 於二零一一年三月三十一日，根據中國相關法規，於指定銀行賬戶來自預售發展中物業之若干已收訂金，僅可用於建造相關物業。於二零一零年三月三十一日，受限制現金指根據本集團之銀行信貸之條款存置於託管銀行賬戶之定期存款。

27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, TIME DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH (*Cont'd*)

Notes:

- (a) Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between seven days and three years depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances and deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.
- (b) The structured deposits are time deposits with fixed maturity dates and are stated at amortised cost. The interest rates on the structured deposits fluctuated based on changes in currency exchange rate between USD and HK\$. The Group uses structured deposits primarily to enhance the return on investment.
- (c) Included in the balance are time deposits of HK\$119,262,000 (2010: HK\$235,392,000) of which the original maturity is more than three months when acquired.
- (d) As at 31 March 2011, pursuant to relevant regulations in the PRC, certain deposits received from the pre-sale of properties under development under a designated bank account can only be used for the construction of the relevant properties. As at 31 March 2010, restricted cash represented time deposits maintained in escrow bank accounts pursuant to the terms of the Group's banking facilities.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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28. 應付貿易賬款及應計款項

以發票日期計算，應付貿易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下：

28. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	集團 GROUP		公司 COMPANY	
	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款： 30日內	Trade payables: Within 30 days	173,630	98,525	13
31日至90日	31 to 90 days	3,407	3,718	2
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	203	481	—
180日以上	Over 180 days	7,753	10,168	—
		184,993	112,892	15
應付保固金	Retention payables	105,250	112,894	—
應計款項	Accruals	190,716	150,743	789
		480,959	376,529	804
				887

應付貿易賬款均為免息，一般還款期為九十日。

於二零一零年三月三十一日，應付貿易賬款中包括應付聯營公司款項124,000港元，有關信貸條款與該等聯營公司給予其主要客戶的條款相若。

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.

Included in the trade payables were amounts due to associates of HK\$124,000 as at 31 March 2010, which were of similar credit terms to those offered by the associates to their major customers.

29. 其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項

其他應付款項均為免息，平均還款期為一個月，惟一筆應付賣方款項150,000,000港元將於二零一一年十二月三十一日或之前支付則除外。

29. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month except for an amount payable to Vendors of HK\$150,000,000 which will be paid on or before 31 December 2011.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

30. 已收訂金

於二零一一年三月三十一日，已收訂金指簽署發展中物業預售合約及持有供銷售物業銷售合約後自客戶收取之訂金。本集團於物業仍在發展期間預售物業。由於與客戶訂有合約，故此於簽署預售合約後，客戶須向本集團支付訂金。本集團所持有之該等金額均為免息。

30. DEPOSITS RECEIVED

As at 31 March 2011, deposits received represented down payment received from customers upon signing of the pre-sale contracts of properties under development and sale contracts of properties held for sale of the Group. The Group conducted the pre-sale of properties when they were still under development. As contracted with customers, deposits were paid to the Group upon the signing of the pre-sale contracts. Such amounts held by the Group are non-interest-bearing.

31. 附息銀行借貸

集團

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

GROUP

		二零一一年三月三十一日 31 March 2011			二零一零年三月三十一日 31 March 2010			二零零九年四月一日 1 April 2009		
		實際利率 Effective interest			實際利率 Effective interest			實際利率 Effective interest		
		rate (%)	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000	rate (%)	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000	rate (%)	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000
無抵押：	Unsecured:									
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1.4-2.4	2012-2015	<u>371,472</u>	1.1-1.8	2010-2015	<u>388,560</u>	1.4-5.8	2009-2012	<u>222,808</u>
有抵押：	Secured:									
信託收據貸款	Trust receipt loans	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.1-5.1	2009	43,000
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1.7	2012-2014	<u>21,250</u>	1.3-2.5	2010-2014	<u>233,040</u>	1.6-9.1	2009-2012	<u>285,428</u>
分期貸款	Instalment loans	0.8	2011-2022	<u>67,992</u>	0.7	2010-2022	<u>83,175</u>	1.4-5.0	2009-2022	<u>88,194</u>
				<u>89,242</u>			<u>316,215</u>			<u>416,622</u>
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			<u>460,714</u>			<u>704,775</u>			<u>639,430</u>



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

31. 附息銀行借貸（續）

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

二零一一年 三月三十一日 31 March 2011 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一零年 三月三十一日 31 March 2010 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零九年 四月一日 1 April 2009 千港元 (經重列) HK\$'000 (Restated)
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根據下列項目分析：

須於下列期間內償還
之銀行借貸：
於一年內或按要求時

第二年
第三年至第五年
(包括首尾兩年)
超過第五年

須於一年內償還，
分類為流動負債之部份

長期部份

如財務報表附註44所進一步闡釋，由於採納香港詮釋第5號財務報表之呈列－借款人對包含可隨時要求償還條款之定期貸款之分類，於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日，本集團包含可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款20,582,000港元及205,616,000港元均已重新分類為流動負債。就上述分析而言，該等銀行貸款已計入即期附息銀行借貸，並分析為於一年內或按要求償還之應付銀行貸款。

Analysed into:

Bank borrowings repayable:

Within one year or on demand	128,382	400,153	521,056
In the second year	85,937	53,305	94,405
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	215,322	251,317	23,969
Beyond five years	31,073	—	—

460,714	704,775	639,430
---------	---------	---------

Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities	(128,382)	(400,153)	(521,056)
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Long term portion	332,332	304,622	118,374
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As further explained in note 44 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of HK Interpretation 5 *Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause*, the Group's bank loans in the amount of HK\$20,582,000 and HK\$205,616,000 as at 31 March 2011 and 2010, respectively, containing a repayment on demand clause have been reclassified as current liabilities. For the purpose of the above analysis, these bank loans are included within current interest-bearing bank borrowings and analysed into bank loans payable within one year or on demand.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

31. 附息銀行借貸 (續)

根據銀行貸款之到期期限，相關銀行貸款之應償還金額為：於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日之須於一年內或按要求支付之107,800,000港元及194,537,000港元；於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日之須於第二年支付之96,091,000港元及117,706,000港元；於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日之須於第三年至第五年（包括首尾兩年）支付之225,750,000港元及356,145,000港元；於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日之須於五年以上支付之31,073,000港元及36,387,00港元。

本集團之抵押銀行借貸乃由本集團於報告期末之賬面值分別約142,002,000港元（二零一零年：149,893,000港元）、18,500,000港元（二零一零年：369,340,000港元）及零（二零一零年：114,180,000港元）之若干土地及樓宇、設備與機器（附註14）、投資物業（附註15）及受限制現金（附註27）作抵押。

本集團之有抵押銀行借貸9,600,000港元（二零一零年：零）乃由香港特別行政區政府提供擔保。

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (*Cont'd*)

Based on the maturity terms of the bank loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the bank loans are: HK\$107,800,000 and HK\$194,537,000 payable within one year or on demand as at 31 March 2011 and 2010, respectively; HK\$96,091,000 and HK\$117,706,000 payable in the second year as at 31 March 2011 and 2010, respectively; HK\$225,750,000 and HK\$356,145,000 payable in the third to fifth years, inclusive as at 31 March 2011 and 2010, respectively; HK\$31,073,000 and HK\$36,387,000 payable beyond five years as at 31 March 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Group's secured bank borrowings were secured by certain of its land and building, equipment and machinery (note 14), investment properties (note 15) and restricted cash (note 27) with carrying amounts of HK\$142,002,000 (2010: HK\$149,893,000), HK\$18,500,000 (2010: HK\$369,340,000) and nil (2010: HK\$114,180,000), respectively, at the end of the reporting period.

The Group's secured bank borrowing amounting to HK\$9,600,000 (2010:Nil) is guaranteed by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

31. 附息銀行借貸（續）

此外，本公司已就本公司若干附屬公司取得之借貸融資簽立擔保（附註38(a)）。

本集團所有銀行借貸均按浮動利率計息。銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相若。

本集團以多種貨幣為單位之銀行借貸賬面值如下：

港元	Hong Kong dollars	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
歐元	Euro	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
		445,325	695,368
		15,389	9,407
		460,714	704,775

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

In addition, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of the Company's subsidiaries (note 38(a)).

All of the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates. The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings denominated in various currencies are as follows:

二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
445,325	695,368
15,389	9,407
460,714	704,775

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

32. 遲延稅項

於本年度內，遲延稅務負債及資產之變動如下：

遜延稅項負債
集團
32. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities
GROUP

		撥備超出有關 折舊部分			
		Allowance	預扣稅		總計
	重估 投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties	in excess of related depreciation	Withholding taxes		Total
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000		千港元 HK\$'000
於二零零九年四月一日 年內於損益表扣除 之遜延稅項 (附註10)	At 1 April 2009 Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year (note 10)	(251,395)	(8,056)	(18,968)	(278,419)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(1,844)	—	(265)	(2,109)
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
於二零一零年 三月三十一日及 二零一零年四月一日 年內於損益表扣除 之遜延稅項 (附註10)	At 31 March 2010 and 1 April 2010 Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year (note 10)	(270,904)	(10,221)	(63,902)	(345,027)
就中國附屬公司 匯出之盈利 而支付之預扣稅	Withholding tax paid on repatriation of earnings from PRC subsidiaries	(4,472)	(6,671)	(45,019)	(56,162)
出售一間附屬公司 (附註40(a))	Disposal of a subsidiary (note 40(a))	208,849	—	904	209,753
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(7,610)	—	(134)	(7,744)
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
於二零一一年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2011	(74,137)	(16,892)	(103,975)	(195,004)



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

32. 遲延稅項（續）

32. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

遞延稅項資產

Deferred tax assets

集團

GROUP

於二零零九年四月一日

At 1 April 2009

29,051

年內計入損益表之

Deferred tax credited to the income statement

遞延稅項(附註10)

during the year (note 10)

33,633

匯兌調整

Exchange realignment

387

於二零一零年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2010

63,071

及二零一零年四月一日

and 1 April 2010

年內計入損益表之

Deferred tax credited to the income statement

遞延稅項(附註10)

during the year (note 10)

33,770

匯兌調整

Exchange realignment

3,305

於二零一一年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2011

100,146

本集團於香港產生之稅項虧損為204,421,000港元（二零一零年：238,158,000港元），可用作無限期抵銷出現虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。長期產生虧損之附屬公司所產生之該等虧損則不會確認為遞延稅項資產，且將應課稅溢利用於沖抵稅項虧損被視作不可能。

根據中國企業所得稅法（「企業所得稅法」），於中國內地成立的外資企業向國外投資者宣派之股息須繳納10%預扣稅。該項規定由二零零八年一月一日起生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日之後產生之盈利。倘中國大陸與國外投資者所處司法權區訂有稅項協定，則可能適用較低之預扣稅税率。因此，本集團須就其於中國內地成立之附屬公司就由二零零八年一月一日起產生之盈利而向其派發之股息繳納預扣稅。

本公司派付予其股東之股息並無任何所得稅後果。

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$204,421,000 (2010: HK\$238,158,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by its subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

33. 股本
33. SHARE CAPITAL
股份
Shares
**集團
GROUP**

二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

法定：

2,000,000,000股每股
面值0.10港元之普通股

Authorised:

2,000,000,000 ordinary shares
of HK\$0.10 each

200,000	200,000
---------	---------

已發行及繳足：

870,115,903股 (二零一零年：
845,315,903股) 每股面值
0.10港元之普通股

Issued and fully paid:

870,115,903
(2010: 845,315,903)
ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each

87,011	84,531
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年內，因本公司購股權獲行使而以認購價每股0.82港元(二零一零年：0.82港元)及認購價每股1.46港元分別發行23,800,000股(二零一零年：7,100,000股)及1,000,000股(二零一零年：無)每股面值0.10港元之股份，總現金代價為20,976,000港元(二零一零年：5,822,000港元)(扣除開支前)。為數11,023,000港元(二零一零年：3,746,000港元)之款項已於購股權獲行使時由購股權儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

During the year, 23,800,000 (2010: 7,100,000) shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$0.82 (2010: HK\$0.82) per share and 1,000,000 (2010: Nil) shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$1.46 per share pursuant to the exercise of the Company's share options for a total cash consideration, before expenses of HK\$20,976,000 (2010: HK\$5,822,000). An amount of HK\$11,023,000 (2010: HK\$3,746,000) was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註34。

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 34 to the financial statements.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

34. 購股權計劃

本公司現時設立一項購股權計劃（「計劃」），為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司之董事（包括獨立非執行董事）及本集團其他僱員。

目前准許根據該計劃授出之尚未行使購股權最高數目，合共不得超過本公司任何時間已發行股份之10%。

本公司之計劃概要如下：

目的

Purpose

參與者

Participants

可予發行之普通股總數及於年報發表

日期佔已發行股本之百分比

Total number of ordinary shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

每名參與者之最高配額

Maximum entitlement of each participant

根據購股權必須認購證券之期限

Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option

34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company currently operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, and other employees of the Group.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time.

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows:

為鼓勵合資格參與者於達致本公司目標時作出最佳表現，同時讓彼等分享曾作出努力及貢獻而達致之本公司業務成果。

To encourage eligible participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Company while at the same time allow them to share the fruits of the Company's business achieved through their effort and contribution.

本公司或其任何附屬公司之行政人員、僱員或董事（包括執行董事及非執行董事）。

Executives or employees or directors (including both executive directors and non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

37,196,590股普通股及已發行股本之4.3%。

37,196,590 ordinary shares and 4.3% of the issued share capital.

不得超過於任何12個月期間本公司已發行股本之1%。

Shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in any 12-month period.

由董事釐定及知會每名承授人，但於任何情況下不遲於授出購股權當日後十年內，惟受有關提前終止之條文所規限。

Determined and notified by the directors to each grantee, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the grant of options subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

34. 購股權計劃 (續)

本公司之計劃概要如下：(續)

於行使前必須持有購股權之最低期限

Minimum period for which an option
must be held before it can be exercised

於接納時應付款項

Amount payable on acceptance

釐定行使價之基準

Basis for determining the exercise price

計劃之餘下年期

The remaining life of the Scheme

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於
股東大會上投票之權利。34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (*Cont'd*)A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows: (*Cont'd*)

由董事釐定及載於有關要約函件中。

To be determined by the directors and included in the relevant
offer letters.

無。

Nil.

由董事釐定，但必須為以下之最高者(i)股份之面值；(ii)於邀請授
出購股權當日（必須為營業日），在聯交所日報表所報普通股之收
市價；及(iii)緊接授出購股權日期前五個營業日，普通股於聯交所
日報表所報之平均收市價。Determined by the directors but must be the highest of (i) the nominal
value of shares; (ii) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in
the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer of the
share options, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average
closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's
daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding
the date of grant of options.

計劃維持有效，直至二零一二年八月二十七日。

The Scheme remains in force until 27 August 2012.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote
at shareholders' meetings.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

34. 購股權計劃 (續)

年內根據計劃尚未行使之購股權如下：

34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

	二零一一年		二零一零年	
	2011	2010	2010	2010
	加權平均 行使價 Weighted average exercise price	購股權 數目 Number of options	加權平均 行使價 Weighted average exercise price	購股權 數目 Number of options
	每股 港元 HK\$ per share	千 '000	每股 港元 HK\$ per share	千 '000
年初	At beginning of year	0.82	26,350	0.82
年內授出	Granted during the year	1.46	3,000	—
年內行使	Exercised during the year	0.85	(24,800)	0.82
年內失效	Lapsed during the year	—	—	0.82
		—	—	(800)
年終	At end of year	1.10	4,550	0.82
		—	—	26,350

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

34. 購股權計劃 (續)

於報告期末，尚未行使購股權之行使價及行使期間如下：

二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	行使價* Exercise price*	行使期限 Exercise periods
購買權數目 Number of options	購買權數目 Number of options	千 '000	千 '000
—	1,375	0.82	二零零七年九月五日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 5-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
—	625	0.82	二零零七年九月六日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 6-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
—	2,000	0.82	二零零七年九月二十七日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 27-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
450	850	0.82	二零零八年八月三十日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 30-8-2007 to 23-8-2011
450	6,400	0.82	二零零九年八月二十四日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 24-8-2008 to 23-8-2011
450	6,550	0.82	二零一零年八月二十四日 至二零一一年八月二十三日 24-8-2009 to 23-8-2011
1,200	8,550	0.82	二零一零年九月十七日 至二零一二年九月十六日 24-8-2010 to 23-8-2011
1,000	—	1.46	二零一二年九月十七日 至二零一三年九月十六日 17-9-2011 to 16-9-2012
1,000	—	1.46	二零一三年九月十六日 17-9-2012 to 16-9-2013
4,550	26,350	1.10	

* 購股權之行使價須就供股或紅股發行，或本公司股本中其他類似變動而作出調整。

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

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34. 購股權計劃 (續)

於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度授出之購股權之公平值為15,798,000港元(每份0.26港元至0.60港元),其中本集團已於年內確認購股權開支570,000港元(二零一零年:2,054,000港元)。

年內授出之購股權之公平值為1,177,000港元(每份0.3港元至0.46港元),其中本集團已於年內確認購股權開支647,000港元。

年內授出之股本結算購股權之公平值乃於授出日期使用二項式模式估計,並計及授出購股權之條款及條件。下表列出所使用模式之主要輸入參數:

授出日期	Date of grant
股息率(%)	Dividend yield (%)
預期波幅(%)	Expected volatility (%)
無風險利率(%)	Risk-free interest rate (%)
購股權預期期限(年)	Expected life of option (year)
加權平均股價(每股港元)	Weighted average share price (HK\$ per share)

於二零零九年六月二十四日,總數800,000之購股權於一名僱員離職後已失效。

年內行使24,800,000份(二零一零年:7,100,000份)購股權導致發行24,800,000股(二零一零年:7,100,000股)本公司普通股,及2,480,000港元(二零一零年:710,000港元)的新股本及18,496,000港元(二零一零年:5,112,000港元)的股份溢價(扣除發行開支前),詳情載於財務報表附註33。

34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (*Cont'd*)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2008 was HK\$15,798,000 (HK\$0.26 to HK\$0.60 each), of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$570,000 (2010: HK\$2,054,000) during the year.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$1,177,000 (HK\$0.3 to HK\$0.46 each), of which the Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$647,000 during the year.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant, using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the major inputs to the model used:

二零一零年 九月十七日 17 September	2010
Date of grant	
Dividend yield (%)	3.4
Expected volatility (%)	61
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.654
Expected life of option (year)	3
Weighted average share price (HK\$ per share)	1.43

On 24 June 2009, a total of 800,000 share options lapsed upon resignation of an employee.

The 24,800,000 (2010: 7,100,000) share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 24,800,000 (2010: 7,100,000) ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$2,480,000 (2010: HK\$710,000) and share premium of HK\$18,496,000 (2010: HK\$5,112,000) (before issue expenses), as further detailed in note 33 to the financial statements.

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34. 購股權計劃 (續)

於報告期末，本公司根據計劃有4,550,000份(二零一零年：26,350,000份)購股權尚未行使。根據本公司現行股本結構，全面行使尚未行使之購股權將導致本公司額外發行4,550,000股(二零一零年：26,350,000股)普通股，額外股本為455,000港元(二零一零年：2,635,000港元)，股份溢價(扣除發行開支前)為4,556,000港元(二零一零年：18,972,000港元)。

於報告期後，一名董事行使合共750,000份購股權，導致本公司發行750,000股普通股新股，令股本新增75,000港元及股份溢價540,000港元。

於批准該等財務報表當日，根據計劃，本公司有3,800,000份(二零一零年：23,350,000份)購股權尚未行使，佔本公司當日已發行股份約0.4%(二零一零年：2.8%)。

35. 儲備

(a) 集團

於本年度及過往年度本集團儲備金額及其變動於財務報表第17至第18頁之綜合權益變動表呈列。

根據中外合營企業之有關法例及條例，本集團在中國註冊之附屬公司之溢利部份已轉撥至限定使用之法定儲備。

34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (*Cont'd*)

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 4,550,000 (2010: 26,350,000) share options outstanding under the Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 4,550,000 (2010: 26,350,000) additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$455,000 (2010: HK\$2,635,000) and share premium of HK\$4,556,000 (2010: HK\$18,972,000) before issue expenses.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a total of 750,000 share options were exercised by a director, resulting in the issue of 750,000 ordinary shares of the Company with additional new share capital of HK\$75,000 and share premium of HK\$540,000.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 3,800,000 (2010: 23,350,000) share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 0.4% (2010: 2.8%) of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

35. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 46 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC has been transferred to statutory reserves which are restricted as to use.

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35. 儲備 (續)

35. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) 公司

(b) Company

		股份溢價賬	購股權儲備	保留溢利／ (累計虧損)		
		Share premium Notes 附註	繳入盈餘 Contributed surplus	Share option reserve	Retained profits/ (accumulated loss)	總計 Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
於二零零九年	At 1 April 2009		519,253	29,950	12,642	24 561,821
四月一日						
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		—	—	—	29,998 29,998
年內全面收益	Total comprehensive income		—	—	—	29,998 29,998
總額	for the year		—	—	—	
股本結算購股權	Equity-settled share option		—	—	2,054	— 2,054
安排	arrangements		—	—	—	
行使購股權	Exercise of share options	33, 34	8,858	—	(3,746)	— 5,112
已宣派及支付	2009 final dividend					
二零零九年	declared					
末期股息	and paid	12	—	—	—	(12,573) (12,573)
二零一零年	2010 interim					
中期股息	dividend	12	—	—	—	(12,588) (12,588)
於二零一零年	At 31 March 2010		528,111	29,950	10,950	4,813 573,824
三月三十一日	and 1 April 2010					
及二零一零年						
四月一日						
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		—	—	—	202,977 202,977
年內全面	Total comprehensive income		—	—	—	202,977 202,977
收益總額	for the year		—	—	—	
股本結算購	Equity-settled share		—	—	—	
股權安排	option arrangements		—	—	1,217	— 1,217
行使購股權	Exercise of share options	33, 34	29,519	—	(11,023)	— 18,496
已宣派及支付	2010 final dividend					
二零一零年	declared					
末期股息	and paid	12	—	—	—	(25,472) (25,472)
二零一一年	2011 interim					
中期股息	dividend	12	—	—	—	(17,048) (17,048)
於二零一一年	At 31 March 2011		557,630	29,950	1,144	165,270 753,994
三月三十一日						

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35. 儲備 (續)

(b) 公司 (續)

本公司繳入盈餘指於本公司股份上市前，根據於一九九一年之集團重組所購入之附屬公司股份公允值，較交換本公司已發行股份之面值之餘額。根據一九八一年百慕達公司法，在若干情況下，本公司可自繳入盈餘分派予股東。

35. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) Company (Cont'd)

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 1991 prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.

36. 經營租約安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排，以租約年期介乎六至七十二個月，出租其若干機器(附註14)及其投資物業(附註15)。租約條款一般亦要求租戶及客戶支付抵押訂金及按當時市況定期作出租金調整。

於報告期末，本集團根據與其租戶及客戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最低應收租金總額如下：

36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases certain of its machinery (note 14) and its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from six to seventy two months. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants and customers to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants and customers falling due as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
一年內	Within one year	16,275	65,011
第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth years, inclusive	1,627	35,857
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		17,902	100,868
		<hr/>	<hr/>

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36. 經營租約安排 (續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排，以租約年期介乎十二至六十個月，承租若干辦公室物業、貨倉、員工宿舍及若干機器。

於報告期末，本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最低租約付款總額如下：

36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses, staff quarters and certain machinery under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from twelve to sixty months.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
一年內	Within one year	11,231	8,724
第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth years, inclusive	<u>10,711</u>	<u>5,868</u>
		<u>21,942</u>	<u>14,592</u>

本公司於報告期末並無任何經營租約安排(二零一零年：無)。

The Company did not have any operating lease arrangement at the end of the reporting period (2010: Nil).

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37. 承擔

除上文附註36(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外，於報告期末，本集團有資本承擔如下：

37. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 36(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

已授權，但未訂約
物業、機器及設備

Authorised, but not contracted for
Property, plant and equipment

集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
已授權，但未訂約 物業、機器及設備	—	9,798
已訂約，但未作撥備 物業、機器及設備	196,194	52,563
	196,194	62,361

此外，本集團就發展中物業之已訂約但未作撥備之承擔於二零一一年三月三十一日為153,763,000港元（二零一零年：226,952,000港元）。

於報告期末，本公司並無重大承擔（二零一零年：無）。

In addition, the Group had contracted, but not provided for, commitments in respect of construction works relating to properties under development amounting to HK\$153,763,000 (2010: HK\$226,952,000) as at 31 March 2011.

The Company had no significant commitments at the end of the reporting period (2010: Nil).



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38. 或然負債

- (a) 於報告期末，未於財務報表內作出撥備之或然負債如下：

就財務機構

向以下人士批出
一般信貸貸款
而給予之擔保
－附屬公司
－聯營公司

就履約保證書

而作出之擔保

Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to:

- subsidiaries
- an associate

Guarantees in respect of performance bonds

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	集團 GROUP		公司 COMPANY	
	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
就財務機構 向以下人士批出 一般信貸貸款 而給予之擔保 －附屬公司 －聯營公司	—	—	973,304	1,406,398
就履約保證書 而作出之擔保	20,000	—	20,000	—
	<u>175,691</u>	<u>135,154</u>	<u>175,691</u>	<u>135,154</u>
	<u>195,691</u>	<u>135,154</u>	<u>1,168,995</u>	<u>1,541,552</u>

- (b) 於二零零八年六月十六日，本集團向上海市第一中級人民法院（「上海法院」）提出仲裁，撤銷與第三方簽訂之最高限額達人民幣5,180,000元（約6,151,000港元）之服務費之服務合約，此乃由於本集團與第三方就合約條款出現分歧所致（「上海行動」）。於二零零八年九月九日，上海行動之被告向上海法院提出反對，並申訴稱分歧之判決須根據香港法例而非中國法例進行。反對意見於二零零八年十一月遭上海法院駁回，且上訴上海法院之決定亦於二零零九年一月遭上海市高級人民法院駁回。於二零零九年二月二十七日，本集團接獲上海法院通知，上海行動之被告提交一份反申索，要求本集團支付人民幣5,180,000元。上海法院於二零零九年九月及二零一零年七月聆訊反申訴。於二零一零年九月二十五日，上海法院責令撤銷服務合約，且被告之反申索遭到駁回。於二零一零年十月二十三日，被告就上海法院之決定向上海市高級人民法院（「上海高級法院」）提出上訴，上海高級法院於二零一一年一月十八日聆訊上訴。本集團正等待上海高級法院之判決。

- (b) On 16 June 2008, the Group lodged a petition to the Shanghai First Intermediate People's Court (the "Shanghai Court") to rescind a service contract signed with a third party for a service fee of up to a maximum amount of RMB5,180,000 (approximately HK\$6,151,000) as a result of a dispute in the contract terms between the Group and the third party (the "Shanghai Action"). On 9 September 2008, the defendant of the Shanghai Action submitted its objection to the Shanghai Court and claimed that the adjudication of the disputes should be raised under the Hong Kong Law instead of the PRC Law. The objection was dismissed by the Shanghai Court in November 2008 and the appeal against the decision of the Shanghai Court was also dismissed by the Shanghai Higher People's Court in January 2009. On 27 February 2009, the Group received a notification from the Shanghai Court that the defendant of the Shanghai Action submitted a counterclaim and requested the Group to make the payment of RMB5,180,000. The Shanghai Court heard the counterclaim in September 2009 and in July 2010. On 25 September 2010, the Shanghai Court ordered to rescind the service contract and the counterclaim from the defendant was dismissed. On 23 October 2010, the defendant submitted an appeal against the decision of the Shanghai Court to the Shanghai Higher People's Court (the "Shanghai Higher Court") and the Shanghai Higher Court heard the appeal on 18 January 2011. The Group is waiting for the judgement from the Shanghai Higher Court.

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38. 或然負債 (續)

(b) (續)

於二零零八年九月十日，在香港高等法院（「香港法院」）一審法庭發出之法律文書中，上海訴訟之被告要求本集團支付人民幣5,180,000元（「香港訴訟」）。本集團已於二零零八年十月二十八日向香港法院申請保留所有以上海法院為受益人之香港訴訟之其他訴訟程序，原因是上海法院較香港法院更為適宜對所產生之分歧進行判決。上述申請於二零零九年十二月四日聆訊，香港法院頒令保留所有以上海法院為受益人之香港訴訟之其他訴訟程序，上海訴訟之被告應支付本集團的費用。

經考慮本集團中國法律顧問之法律意見，董事相信本集團在上海訴訟方面有充分理由。董事相信倘上海行動及香港訴訟被要求於香港審理，本集團有充分理由辯護。因此，董事認為無須計提服務費用。

39. 關連人士交易

除該等財務報表其他地方披露者外，本集團於年內與關連人士訂立下列交易：

(a) 與關連人士之未償還結存

於報告期末，本集團與聯營公司款項餘額之詳情載於財務報表附註19。於報告期末，本集團就財務機構向聯營公司批出一般信貸貸款而給予之擔保載於財務報表附註38(a)。

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (*Cont'd*)(b) (*Cont'd*)

On 10 September 2008, by a writ issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Court"), the defendant of the Shanghai Action, claimed the Group for the payment of RMB5,180,000 (the "Hong Kong Action"). The Group applied on 28 October 2008 to the Hong Kong Court to stay all further proceedings in the Hong Kong Action in favour of the Shanghai Court on the ground that the Shanghai Court is a more appropriate forum than the Hong Kong Court for the adjudication of the disputes raised. The said application was heard on 4 December 2009 and the Hong Kong Court ordered that all further proceedings in the Hong Kong Action be stayed in favour of the Shanghai Court and that the defendant of the Shanghai Action should pay the costs of the Group.

Having considered the legal advice from the Group's PRC legal counsels, the directors believe that the Group also has a good case in respect of the Shanghai Action. The directors believe that the Group also has good grounds of defence in case the Shanghai Action and Hong Kong Action are ordered to proceed in Hong Kong. Accordingly, the directors consider that no provision for the service fee is necessary.

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) Outstanding balance with related parties

Details of the Group's balances with its associates as at the end of the reporting period are included in note 19 to the financial statements. Guarantees given by the Group to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to its associates at the end of the reporting period are included in note 38(a) to the financial statements.



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39. 關連人士交易（續）

- (b) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬如下

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	集團 GROUP	二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	48,670	38,084
僱員購股權福利	Equity-settled share option expense	1,184	2,136
僱用後福利	Post-employment benefits	150	144
已付予主要管理人員 之報酬總額	Total compensation paid to key management personnel	<u>50,004</u>	<u>40,364</u>

有關董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附註8。

Further details of directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

- (c) 本集團就租賃位於上海之一項辦公室物業而產生應付予隆俊發展有限公司(由本公司一名執行董事錢永勛先生擁有50%權益)之租金開支1,039,000港元(二零一零年：1,890,000港元)。
- (d) 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團與本集團之聯營公司泰昇貿易及泰昇建築工程訂立下列交易(附註19)：
- (1) 泰昇建築工程向泰昇地基工程分判地基工程約93,200,000港元。
 - (2) 泰昇建築工程向本公司之附屬公司泰昇工程(香港)有限公司(「泰昇工程(香港)」)分判建築工程及機械工程約6,200,000港元。
 - (3) 泰昇建築工程及泰昇貿易已向本集團支付管理費分別為842,000港元及360,000港元(二零一零：年分別為480,000港元及無)。

- (c) The Group incurred rental expenses to Land Smart Development Limited, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. David Chien, an executive director of the Company, in respect of a lease for an office property in Shanghai of HK\$1,039,000 (2010: HK\$1,890,000).

- (d) During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group had the following transactions with TTCL and TBC, associates of the Group (note 19):

- (1) TBC subcontracted foundation works of approximately HK\$93.2 million to TFL.
- (2) TBC subcontracted engineering and mechanical works of approximately HK\$6.2 million to Tysan Engineering (HK) Company Limited ("TEHK"), a subsidiary of the Company.
- (3) TBC and TTCL paid management fee of HK\$842,000 and HK\$360,000 (2010: HK\$480,000 and Nil) to the Group, respectively.

本集團與其聯營公司根據相關協議的條款訂立該等交易。

These transactions were entered into by the Group and its associates in accordance with the terms of the agreements.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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39. 關連人士交易 (續)

- (e) 截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團向其主要管理人員及彼等之近親家族成員出售其持有供銷售之物業，代價為34,359,000港元(二零一零年：2,174,000港元)。該等物業乃按各訂約方共同協定之價格出售。

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (*Cont'd*)

- (e) During the year ended 31 March 2011, the Group had sold its properties held for sale to certain of its key management personnel and their close family members at a consideration of HK\$34,359,000 (2010: HK\$2,174,000). The properties were sold at prices mutually agreed by both parties.

40. 出售附屬公司

(a) 出售附屬公司

於二零一零年六月十二日，本公司之非全資附屬公司津港開發有限公司(「津港開發」)、本公司之全資附屬公司Stonehill Limited(「Stonehill」)及第三方天安(天津)投資有限公司與一名獨立第三方訂立出售協議，向其出售彼等於本公司非全資附屬公司Conesco Investment Company Limited(「Conesco」)及其附屬公司天津國際大廈有限公司的全部股權及其股東貸款的權利及權益，出售之代價約885,000,000港元，當中合共609,000,000港元由津港開發及Stonehill收取。出售事項於二零一零年十月二十九日完成。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) *Disposal of subsidiaries*

On 12 June 2010, Tianjin Development Company Limited ("TDC"), a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Stonehill Limited ("Stonehill"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Tian An (Tianjin) Investment Company Limited, a third party, entered into a disposal agreement to dispose of all of their equity interests in and the rights and benefits in the shareholders' loan to Conesco Investment Company Limited ("Conesco"), a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiary, Tianjin International Building Company Limited, to an independent third party. The consideration for the disposal was approximately HK\$885 million, of which a total of HK\$609 million were received by TDC and Stonehill. The Disposal was completed on 29 October 2010.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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40. 出售附屬公司（續）

(a) 出售附屬公司（續）

Conesco及其附屬公司的主要業務為物業投資。本公司已分別於二零一零年六月二十二日及二零一零年七月二十八日刊發有關出售事項之公佈及通函。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries (Cont'd)

The principal business of Conesco and its subsidiary is property investment. An announcement and a circular were made on 22 June 2010 and 28 July 2010, respectively, on the Disposal.

	千港元 HK\$'000
已出售的資產淨值：	Net assets disposed of:
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment 6,437
投資物業（附註15）	Investment properties (note 15) 889,200
存貨	Inventories 833
貿易應收賬款	Trade receivables 1,759
其他應收款、預付款及按金	Other receivables, prepayments and deposits 907
定期存款	Time deposits 48,168
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances 21,286
其他應付款項及已收按金	Other payables and deposits received (28,317)
應付稅項	Tax payable (749)
遞延稅項負債（附註32）	Deferred tax liabilities (note 32) (209,753)
本集團提供的貸款	Loans from the Group (157,098)
非控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from a non-controlling shareholder (71,409)
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests (163,526)
	<hr/>
	337,738
撥回外匯波動儲備	Release of exchange fluctuation reserve (64,531)
撥回於權益確認的所收購非	
控股股東權益的代價與賬	
面值之間的差額	and the carrying value of non-controlling interest acquired recognised in equity 22,019
	<hr/>
	295,226
已轉讓貸款	Loan assigned 157,098
出售附屬公司所得收益	Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 156,469
	<hr/>
	608,793
償付方式：	Satisfied by:
現金代價	Cash consideration 608,793

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司 (續)
40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)
(a) 出售附屬公司 (續)

有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流入淨額分析：

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries (*Cont'd*)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:

		千港元 HK\$'000
現金代價	Cash consideration	608,793
已出售之現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances disposed of	<u>(69,454)</u>
有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流入淨額	Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	<u>539,339</u>



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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40. 出售附屬公司（續）

(b) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營公司

(i) 於二零一零年九月二十二日，本集團出售於泰昇貿易的10%權益及其股東貸款200,000港元的權利及權益，總代價為776,000港元。泰昇貿易及其附屬公司（「泰昇貿易集團」）主要從事一般貿易。於緊隨出售後，本集團於泰昇貿易之權益減至40%而泰昇貿易集團則成為本集團之聯營公司。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates

(i) On 22 September 2010, the Group disposed of a 10% interest in and the rights and benefits in the shareholder's loan of HK\$200,000 to TTCL at a total cash consideration of HK\$776,000. TTCL and its subsidiaries (the "TTCL Group") are principally engaged in general trading. Immediately after the disposal, the Group's interest in TTCL is reduced to 40% and the TTCL Group became associates of the Group.

千港元
HK\$'000

已出售的資產淨值：	Net assets disposed of:	
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	199
存貨	Inventories	13,828
貿易應收賬款	Trade receivables	666
其他應收款、預付款及按金	Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	1,808
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	6,734
貿易應付賬款及應計費用	Trade payables and accruals	(4,029)
其他應付款項及已收按金	Other payables and deposits received	(409)
應付同系附屬公司款項	Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	(4,058)
應付稅項	Tax payable	(1,529)
本集團提供的貸款	Loans from the Group	(1,000)
非控股股東提供的貸款	Loan from non-controlling shareholders	(1,000)
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests	(5,605)
		5,605
已轉讓貸款	Loan assigned	200
出售附屬公司所得虧損	Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	(545)
		5,260
償付方式：	Satisfied by:	
視作收購聯營公司	Deemed acquisition of associates	4,484
現金代價	Cash consideration	776
		5,260

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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40. 出售附屬公司 (續)

(b) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營公司 (續)

(i) (續)

有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流出淨額分析：

	千港元 HK\$'000
現金代價	776
已出售之現金及銀行結餘	<u>(6,734)</u>
有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流出淨額	<u>(5,958)</u>

(ii) 於二零零九年七月二十九日，本集團與Victor Create訂立協議就以代價510,000港元出售其於泰昇建築工程1%股權，並以代價50,000港元將本集團授予泰昇建築工程之貸款50,000港元轉讓予Victor Create。泰昇建築工程及其附屬公司主要從事建築工程服務。緊隨出售後，本集團於泰昇建築工程之權益減少至49%，而泰昇建築工程及其附屬公司成為本集團之聯營公司。於出售時，Victor Create由本公司一名董事兼主要股東擁有60%股權，並由本公司另一名董事兼主要股東之子擁有40%股權。有關該項交易的詳細資料，已披露於本公司於二零零九年七月二十九日刊發之公佈內。

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates (*Cont'd*)

(i) (*Cont'd*)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:

現金代價 已出售之現金及銀行結餘 有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目 流出淨額	Cash consideration Cash and bank balances disposed of Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries
	776 <u>(6,734)</u> <u>(5,958)</u>

(ii) On 29 July 2009, the Group entered into an agreement with Victor Create for the disposal of 1% interest in TBC at a consideration of HK\$510,000 and for the assignment of the loan granted by the Group to TBC of HK\$50,000 to Victor Create at a consideration of HK\$50,000. TBC and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of building and construction works. Immediately after the disposal, the Group's interest in TBC reduced to 49% and TBC and its subsidiaries became associates of the Group. At the time of disposal, Victor Create was owned as to 60% by a director and substantial shareholder of the Company and 40% by the son of another director and substantial shareholder of the Company. Further details of the transaction were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 July 2009.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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40. 出售附屬公司（續）

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營公司（續）

(ii) (續)

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates (Cont'd)

(ii) (Cont'd)

千港元
HK\$'000

已出售的資產淨值：

物業、機器及設備

向被投資方貸款

應收同系附屬公司款項

應收合約工程客戶款項

貿易應收賬款

其他應收款項、預付款項

及按金

預付稅項

現金及銀行結餘

貿易應付賬款及

應計費用

其他應付款項及

已收按金

應付合約工程客戶款項

應付稅項

股東貸款

法定儲備

少數股東權益

Net assets disposed of:

Property, plant and equipment

29

Loan to an investee

24,560

Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries

4,939

Amounts due from customers for contract works

7,506

Trade receivables

9,926

Other receivables, prepayments and deposits

609

Tax prepaid

207

Cash and bank balances

13,115

Trade payables and accruals

(15,107)

Other payables and deposits received

(608)

Amounts due to customers for contract works

(3,765)

Tax payable

(899)

Loan from a shareholder

(2,500)

Statutory reserves

(12)

Non-controlling interests

(20,250)

17,750

已轉讓貸款

50

出售附屬公司權益所得

Loan assigned

收益

Gain on disposal of interests

155

in subsidiaries

17,955

償付方式：

視作收購聯營公司

Satisfied by:

17,395

現金代價

Deemed acquisition of associates

560

Cash consideration

17,955

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

40. 出售附屬公司 (續)

(b) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營公司 (續)

(ii) (續)

有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流出淨額分析：

40. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (*Cont'd*)

*(b) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates (*Cont'd*)*

*(ii) (*Cont'd*)*

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:

	千港元 HK\$'000
現金代價	560
已出售之現金及銀行結餘	<u>(13,115)</u>
有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同現金項目流出淨額	<u>(12,555)</u>

(c) 出售附屬公司之部分權益

於二零零九年十月十六日，本集團向一名獨立第三方出售泰昇貿易之10%的股權，代價為10港元。從而產生虧損298,000港元。

41. 綜合現金流量表附註

主要非現金交易

誠如附註18進一步所述者，本公司的全資附屬公司與賣方訂立買賣協議，以總現金代價300,000,000港元收購當時擁有60%權益的附屬公司的40%股權及股東貸款的權利及權益。截至二零一一年三月三十一日，總代價150,000,000港元經已支付。該交易的代價餘款乃計入於二零一一年三月三十一日的其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項(附註29)。

41. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non-cash transaction

As further explained in note 18, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with the Vendors to acquire from the Vendors 40% equity interest in and the rights and benefits in the shareholders' loans to the Then 60%-owned Subsidiaries for the total cash consideration of HK\$300,000,000. Up to 31 March 2011, total consideration of HK\$150,000,000 was paid. The remaining balance of the consideration of the transaction was included in other payables, deposits received and receipt in advance as at 31 March 2011 (note 29).

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末，各類金融工具之賬面值
如下：

集團

金融資產

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

GROUP

Financial assets

二零一一年
2011

二零一零年
2010

	按公平值計入 損益之金融資產 －持作買賣 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading				按公平值計入 損益之金融資產 －持作買賣 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	
	貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables	總計 Total	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables	總計 Total
聯營公司之欠款 (附註19)	Amounts due from associates (note 19)	1,114	–	1,114	–	–
向聯營公司貸款 (附註19)	Loans to associates (note 19)	3,250	–	3,250	2,450	2,450
貿易應收賬款	Trade receivables	454,734	–	454,734	397,441	397,441
按公平值計入 損益之投資 其他應收款項	Investments at fair value through profit or loss Other receivables	–	122,933	122,933	–	4,002
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	31,911	–	31,911	26,497	26,497
定期存款	Time deposits	788,527	–	788,527	952,375	952,375
受限制現金	Restricted cash	56,286	–	56,286	114,180	114,180
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	321,484	–	321,484	396,865	396,865
		1,657,306	123,020	1,780,326	1,889,808	4,014
						1,893,822

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具 (續)
42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)
金融負債
Financial liabilities

	二零一一年 2011		二零一零年 2010			
	按公平值計入 損益之金融負債 －持作買賣		按公平值計入 損益之金融負債 －持作買賣			
按攤銷 成本列賬之 金融負債 at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through Financial liabilities loss - held for trading		按攤銷 成本列賬之 金融負債 at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through Financial liabilities loss - held for trading		
千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000		
應付貿易賬款及 應付保固金 其他應付款項 衍生金融工具 附息銀行借貸	Trade payables and retention payables Other payables Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank borrowings	290,243 157,921 — 460,714 24,560	— — 5,847 — —	290,243 157,921 5,847 704,775 24,560	225,786 13,196 — — —	— — — 704,775 24,560
	933,438	5,847	939,285	968,317	1,746	970,063



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

42. 按類別劃分之金融工具（續）

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

公司

COMPANY

金融資產

Financial assets

二零一一年	二零一零年
2011	2010
貸款及 應收款項	貸款及 應收款項
Loans and receivables	Loans and receivables
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

附屬公司之欠款

Amounts due from subsidiaries

(附註18)

(note 18)

22,312

—

銀行結存

Bank balances

11,925

276

34,237
276

金融負債

Financial liabilities

二零一一年	二零一零年
2011	2010
按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債	按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000

欠附屬公司之款項(附註18)

Amounts due to subsidiaries

(note 18)

83,926

188,757

應付貿易賬款(附註28)

Trade payables (note 28)

15

10

83,941
188,767

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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43. 公平值等級架構

本集團採用以下等級架構釐定及披露金融工具之公平值：

第1層：按相若資產或負債於活躍市場之未經調整報價計算的公平值

第2層：以對所錄得公平值有重要影響之輸入數據均可直接或間接觀察之估值方法計算的公平值，但倘價格並無於活躍市場釐定，則依據公平值基於經紀報價之金融資產、公平價值通過基金經理取得之私募基金投資及採用本集團模式估值之資產（大部分假設乃市場觀察）

第3層：以對所錄得公平值有重要影響之輸入數據均非市場觀察可得數據（並非觀察可得輸入數據）之估值方法計算的公平值

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十日按公平值計量之資產：

集團

43. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly, but where prices have not been determined in an active market, financial assets with fair value based on broker quotes, investments in private equity funds with fair values obtained via fund managers and assets that are valued using the Group's model whereby the majority of assumptions are market observation

Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Assets measured at fair value as at 31 March 2011 and 2010:

GROUP

	二零一一年 2011				二零一零年 2010			
	第1層 Level 1	第2層 Level 2	第3層 Level 3	總計 Total	第1層 Level 1	第2層 Level 2	第3層 Level 3	總計 Total
	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
按公平值計入損益之 投資	Investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,183	118,750	–	122,933	4,002	–	–
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	87	–	87	–	12	–
		4,183	118,837	–	123,020	4,002	12	–
								4,014



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

43. 公平值等級架構（續）

於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十
一日按公平值計量之負債：

43. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Cont'd)

Liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2011 and 2010:

集團

GROUP

	二零一一年				二零一零年				
	2011	第1層	第2層	第3層	Total	2010	第1層	第2層	第3層
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	千港元								
	HK\$'000								
衍生金融工具 instruments	-	5,847	-	5,847	-	1,746	-	1,746	-

截至二零一一年三月三十一日，本公司並無任何按公平值列賬之金融工具（二零一零年：無）。年內，第1層與第2層並無轉換公平值計量，第3層亦並無轉入或轉出（二零一零年：無）。

The Company did not have any financial instruments measured at fair value as at 31 March 2011 (2010: Nil). During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2010: Nil).

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結存、應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項、按公平值計入損益之投資、衍生金融工具、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項以及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情於財務報表有關附註內披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險及如何減低該等風險之政策載列如下。管理層管理及監察該等風險，以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

信貸風險

本集團之主要金融資產為現金及銀行結存、以及應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項。

由於與本集團交易之銀行均具備國際信貸評級機構授予之高信貸評級，故銀行結存之信貸風險不大。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項。管理層持續監察每項個別貿易債項，而本集團面對之壞賬風險並不重大。本集團並無信貸風險過度集中之情況，所面對之風險分散至多個交易對手及客戶。有關本集團面臨來自應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之信貸風險之更多量化數據於財務報表附註24及25披露。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables, investments at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, and trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. Management monitors each individual trade debt on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with the exposure spreading over a large number of counterparties and customers. Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are disclosed in notes 24 and 25 to the financial statements.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

利率風險

本集團面臨之利率變動風險主要由於附息銀行借貸產生。浮息借貸使本集團面臨利率風險。本集團目前並無利率對沖政策。儘管如此，管理層監控本集團所面臨之利率風險並將考慮需要時訂立利率掉期以減少利率波動風險。

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下，本集團之除稅前溢利（透過對浮息借貸之影響）及本集團之權益（未計對稅項之任何影響前）對利率出現合理可能變動之敏感性。

集團

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its interest-bearing bank borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors the Group's interest rate exposure and considers entering into interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations should the need arise.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) and the Group's equity (before any impact on tax).

GROUP

二零一一年

2011

銀行貸款
衍生金融工具

Bank loans
Derivative financial instruments

利率 in interest rate	增加／(減少) Increase/ (decrease)	除稅前溢利 in profit before tax	權益 Decrease in equity*
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000

100基點 (4,618)

100 basis points 2,000

100基點 100 basis points

100基點 (7,048)

100 basis points 2,000

100基點 100 basis points

二零一零年

2010

銀行貸款
衍生金融工具

Bank loans
Derivative financial instruments

* 不包括保留溢利

* Excluding retained profits

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業務，其大部分交易均以港元及人民幣結算。本年度，本集團之銀行借貸以港元及歐元（二零一零年：港元及歐元）計值。

管理層持續監察本集團所面對之貨幣風險，並將於有需要時考慮訂立遠期外匯合約。

下表列示於報告期末，在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下，本集團之除稅前溢利（因貨幣資產及負債之公平值出現變動）對歐元匯率出現合理可能變動之敏感性。

集團

二零一一年

2011

倘港元兌歐元弱勢

If Hong Kong dollar
weakens against Euro

5

(253)

—

倘港元兌歐元強勢

If Hong Kong dollar
strengthens against Euro

5

253

—

二零一零年

2010

倘港元兌歐元弱勢

If Hong Kong dollar
weakens against Euro

5

(290)

—

倘港元兌歐元強勢

If Hong Kong dollar
strengthens against Euro

5

290

—

* 不包括保留溢利

* Excluding retained profits

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of its transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. In the current year, the Group had bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Euro (2010: Hong Kong dollars and Euro).

Management monitors the Group's currency exposure on an ongoing basis and considers entering into forward currency contracts when the need arises.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Euro exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

GROUP

	除稅前溢利 增加／(減少) 歐元匯率 增加／(減少) Increase in Euro exchange rate	權益增加／ 減少* in profit before tax 千港元 HK\$'000



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用銀行借貸在持續獲取資金與靈活性之間保持平衡。本集團定期檢討其主要資金狀況，確保有足夠財務資源應付其財務承擔。

根據已訂約未貼現賬款，以下載列本集團及本公司於報告期末之金融負債到期日：

集團

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

GROUP

		二零一一年				
		2011				
		按要求償還	12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	
			Less than On demand	1 to 5 12 months	Over years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables	—	290,243	—	—	290,243
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	157,921	—	—	157,921
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	26	5,821	—	5,847
附息銀行借貸 *	Interest-bearing bank borrowings *	53,000	75,829	301,945	31,073	461,847
來自聯營公司的貸款	Loan from an associate	24,560	—	—	—	24,560
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		77,560	524,019	307,766	31,073	940,418

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)
44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)
流動資金風險 (續)
Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables
其他應付款項	Other payables
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments
附息銀行借貸*	Interest-bearing bank borrowings *
來自聯營公司的貸款	Loan from an associate

按要求償還	二零一零年				總計
	2010		5年以上		
	12個月以內	1至5年	Over		
On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total	
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
—	225,786	—	—	225,786	
—	13,196	—	—	13,196	
—	293	1,453	—	1,746	
290,930	109,750	53,750	252,000	706,430	
24,560	—	—	—	24,560	
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
315,490	349,025	55,203	252,000	971,718	

* 於二零一一年三月三十一日及二零一零年三月三十一日，附息銀行借貸包括載有按要求還款條文賦予貸款人無條件權利隨時要求償還貸款之銀行貸款 53,000,000 港元 及 290,930,000 港元，因此，就上述到期狀況而言，該等金額已分類為按要求還款借貸。

儘管載有上述按要求還款條文，惟董事們相信該等銀行貸款及應付融資租賃將不會於 12 個月內全數催繳，故彼等認為該等銀行貸款將會按照相關協議所載之到期日償還。於作出有關評估時已考慮下列因素：本集團於財務報表獲批准當日之財務狀況、本集團遵守貸款契諾之情況、並無違約事件及本集團過往一向準時按期還款。按照銀行貸款之條款，於二零一一年三月三十一日，到期年期於 12 個月以內應付 108,247,000 港元 (二零一零年：195,064,000 港元)；於一至五年(包括首尾兩年)應付 322,527,000 港元 (二零一零年：474,979,000 港元)；及於五年以上應付 31,073,000 港元 (二零一零年：36,387,000 港元)。

* Included in interest-bearing bank borrowings are bank loans of HK\$53,000,000 and HK\$290,930,000 as at 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2010, respectively, containing a repayment on demand clause giving the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, these amounts are classified as on demand.

Notwithstanding the above repayment on demand clause, the directors do not believe that the bank loans will be called in its entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of bank loans, the maturity terms at 31 March 2011 are HK\$108,247,000 (2010: HK\$195,064,000) payable less than 12 months; HK\$ 322,527,000 (2010: HK\$474,979,000) payable in one to five years, inclusive; and HK\$31,073,000 (2010: HK\$36,387,000) payable over five years.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

流動資金風險（續）

公司

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

COMPANY

二零一一年

2011

	按要求償還 On demand	12個月 Less than 12 months			總計 Total
		以內 1 to 5 years	1至5年 1 to 5 years	5年以上 Over 5 years	
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
欠附屬公司之款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	83,926	—	—	83,926
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	15	—	15
就授予以下人士信貸而 向金融機構提供之 擔保：	Guarantees giving to financial institutions in connection with facilities granted to:				
－附屬公司	– subsidiaries	973,304	—	—	973,304
－聯營公司	– associate	20,000	—	—	20,000
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		1,077,230	15	—	1,077,245

二零一零年

2010

	按要求償還 On demand	12個月 Less than 12 months			總計 Total
		以內 1 to 5 years	1至5年 1 to 5 years	5年以上 Over 5 years	
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	
欠附屬公司之款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	188,757	—	—	188,757
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	10	—	10
就授予以下人士信貸而 向金融機構提供之 擔保	Guarantees giving to financial institutions in connection with facilities granted to subsidiaries				
		1,406,398	—	—	1,406,398
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		1,595,155	10	—	1,595,165
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

金融資產及金融負債之公允值

董事認為，於綜合財務狀況表所報告之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其各自之公允值相若。

市場價格風險

市場價格風險是指因股權指數水平及個別證券之價值變動致使股權證券公允值降低之風險。於二零一一年及二零一零年三月三十一日，本集團面臨因個別股份投資被分類為買賣股份投資（附註20）而引致之股權價格風險。

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下，且未計及稅項影響前，於報告期末，投資之賬面值對股份投資公允值10%變動之敏感性。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate to their respective fair values.

Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as trading investments (note 20) as at 31 March 2011 and 2010.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 10% decrease in the fair values of the equity investments, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period.

		投資 之賬面值	除稅前溢利 減少	權益 減少*
		Carrying amount of investments	Decrease in profit before tax	Decrease in equity*
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
二零一一年	2011			
按公允值計入損益 之上市股份投資		Listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,183	418
二零一零年	2010			
按公允值計入損益 之上市股份投資		Listed equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,002	400
* 不包括保留溢利		* Excluding retained profits		

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本集團有能力按持續經營業務之原則營運及維持健康資本比率以支持其業務並最大化股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變動管理其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構，本集團或會調整支付予股東之股息、退還股東之資本或發行新股份。於截至二零一一年三月三十一日及二零一零年三月三十一日止年度內，有關資本管理之目標、政策及程序並無作出任何變動。

本集團採用資本負債比率監察其資本情況，而資本負債比率乃以債務淨額除以本集團總權益計算。本集團之政策旨在維持資本負債比率低於50%。債務淨額包括應付貿易賬款及應付保固金、其他應付款項、衍生金融工具、附息銀行借貸及來自聯營公司的貸款減現金及等同現金項目。資本包括本集團總權益。於報告期末，資本負債比率如下：

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2011 and 31 March 2010.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total equity of the Group. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio not more than 50%. Net debt includes trade payables and retention payables, other payables, derivative financial instruments, interest-bearing bank borrowings and a loan from an associate less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes total equity of the Group. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

		二零一一年 2011	二零一零年 2010
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款 及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables	290,243	225,786
其他應付款項	Other payables	157,921	13,196
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	5,847	1,746
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	460,714	704,775
聯營公司借款	Loan from an associate	24,560	24,560
減：定期存款	Less: Time deposits	(788,527)	(952,375)
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(56,286)	(114,180)
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(321,484)	(396,865)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
現金淨額	Net cash	(227,012)	(493,357)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
總權益	Total equity	1,929,415	2,285,016
		<hr/>	<hr/>
資本負債比率	Gearing ratio	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2011 二零一一年三月三十一日

45. 報告期後事項

於二零一一年三月三十一日後，本公司宣佈，管理層正在考慮分拆其地基業務（「業務」）及將業務在聯交所主板獨立上市（「潛在分拆」）的可能性。有關潛在分拆的進一步詳情披露於本公司於二零一一年四月二十九日的公佈。

46. 比較數字

誠如財務報表附註2.2所述，由於在本年度採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則，若干財務報表項目及結餘的會計處理及呈列已作修訂，以符合新規定。若干比較金額已重新分類及重列，以符合本年度之呈列及會計處理，亦已呈列於二零零九年四月一日的第三項綜合財務狀況表。

47. 財務報表之核准

董事局已於二零一一年六月十五日批准及授權刊發財務報表。

45. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to 31 March 2011, the Company announced that management is considering the potential spinning off of its foundation business (the "Business") and separate listing of the Business on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the "Potential Spin-off"). Further details of the Potential Spin-off were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 April 2011.

46. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment, and a third statement of financial position as at 1 April 2009 has been presented.

47. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 15 June 2011.